# Financial Accounting Workbook (Version 2.1) 

## Tony Bell

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## A Note to Instructors

I hope you find this workbook useful, I just want to point out three key features:
1.) This book is totally free to you and your students. Feel free to copy it or post it to your course website and feel free to share it with colleagues.
2.) Although I am widely distributing a PDF file, I have gone to great effort to make a fully editable Word version of this document. Please contact me if you'd like to have a copy of the Word version. You can edit any of these problems to better fit in your class or simply copy and paste an entire problem into an assignment or test, with the attribution "Source: accountingworkbook.com", or "Adapted from: accountingworkbook.com".
3.) Every problem in this workbook has a video walkthrough available at http://accountingworkbook.com. I suspect the true value in this book lies in the video walkthroughs, as it will be useful for homework and particularly useful for "flipping the classroom".

Please let me know if you would like to see additional question-types or topics included in the future. I intend to add to this book frequently based on your input. Also, any feedback you can provide (particularly student feedback) would be greatly appreciated.

Please note, you do not have my permission to use this for a commercial purpose, nor do you have permission to recreate the videos found at http://accountingworkbook.com. Send me an email if you have any questions about use or attribution.

Thanks for checking out this workbook, and I hope you'll have a look at the companion website: http://accountingworkbook.com !

## Tony Bell

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# Module 1: Introduction to the Financial Statements 

[^0]https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Rpa_UAciIeU

## 1-1A - Accounting Equation

Fill in the missing information below:

|  | Assets | Liabilities | Shareholders' Equity |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Business \#1 | - | $\$ 181,000$ | $\$ 212,000$ |
| Business \#2 | 75,000 | - | 36,000 |
| Business \#3 | 30,000 | 21,000 | - |
| Business \#4 | 25,000 | - | $(10,000)^{*}$ |

* Business \#4's equity is in an accumulated deficit position.


## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=17EWLp2pGjM

## 1-1B - Accounting Equation

Fill in the missing information below:

|  | Assets | Liabilities | Shareholders' Equity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business \#1 | - | $\$ 80,000$ | $\$ 60,000$ |
| Business \#2 | $1,250,000$ | - | $1,100,000$ |
| Business \#3 | 75,000 | 48,000 | - |
| Business \#4 | 52,000 | - | $(9,000)^{*}$ |
| * Business \#4's equity is in an accumulated deficit position. |  |  |  |

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2fzCsYxNjaU

## 1-2A - Account Classification

Each of the following accounts is either an Asset (A), Liability (L), Shareholders' Equity (SE), Revenue (Rev), Expense (Exp) or Dividend (Div) account.
Mark the first blank with the appropriate classification - A, L, SE, Rev, Exp or Div.
If you have identified an item as either an Asset or Liability, mark the second blank as "C" if the item is current, or "LT" for Long-Term.

|  | A/L/SE/Rev/Exp/Div | C? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Long-term investments |  |  |
| Accounts receivable |  |  |
| Consulting revenue |  |  |
| Rent revenue |  |  |
| Computer |  |  |
| Mortgage payable |  |  |
| Salaries payable |  |  |
| Cash |  |  |
| Supplies expense |  |  |
| Retained earnings |  |  |
| Temporary investments |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  |  |
| Income tax expense |  |  |
| Car |  |  |
| Salaries expense |  |  |
| Utilities expense |  |  |
| Land |  |  |
| Inventory |  |  |
| Building |  |  |
| Interest expense |  |  |
| Bank loan payable |  |  |
| Common shares |  |  |
| Supplies |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c8MvVbzzFEY

## 1-2B - Account Classification

Each of the following accounts is either an Asset (A), Liability (L), Shareholders' Equity (SE), Revenue (Rev), Expense (Exp) or Dividend (Div) account.

Mark the first blank with the appropriate classification - A, L, SE, Rev, Exp or Div. If you have identified an item as either an Asset or Liability, mark the second blank as "C" if the item is current or "LT" for Long-Term.

|  | A/L/SE/Rev/Exp/Div | C? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Car loan |  |  |
| Software expense |  |  |
| Wages expense |  |  |
| Office furniture |  |  |
| Long-term investments |  |  |
| Inventory |  |  |
| Small tools |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  |  |
| Retained earnings |  |  |
| Accounts receivable |  |  |
| Property |  |  |
| Repair revenue |  |  |
| Maintenance expense |  |  |
| Interest expense |  |  |
| Salaries payable |  |  |
| Subscription revenue |  |  |
| Common shares |  |  |
| Telephone equipment |  |  |
| Sales revenue |  |  |
| Income tax expense |  |  |
| Mortgage payable |  |  |
| Cash |  |  |
| Telephone expense |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{yzo3} 3$ XhvQr4

## 1-3A - Basic Financial Statements

Sherry's Shuttles is a bus company offering rides to outdoor adventurers. In the summer, she caters to mountain bikers and in winter to skiers. Sherry's company has the following account balances, all on December 31, 2024 and for the year then ended unless otherwise noted:

| Wages payable |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Dividends | $\$ 1,600$ |
| Cash | 3,000 |
| Common shares (Jan 1, 2024) | 60,000 |
| Accounts payable | 2,200 |
| Buildings, net | 100,000 |
| Shuttle revenue | 69,300 |
| Fuel expense | 11,000 |
| Depreciation expense | 2,000 |


| Insurance expense |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Telephone expense | $\$ 4,000$ |
| Equipment, net | 400 |
| Bank loan | 30,000 |
| Retained earnings (January 1, 2024) | 10,000 |
|  | 15,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 1,000 |
| Office supplies | 500 |
| Wages expense | 30,000 |
| Utilities expense | 1,200 |

The company did not issue or repurchase any common shares during the year.
Required:
a.) Prepare an income statement for the year ended December 31, 2024.
b.) Prepare a statement of changes in equity for the year ended December 31, 2024.
c.) Prepare a balance sheet as at December 31, 2024.
d.) Based on your financial statements, compute:
i. The current ratio
ii. The debt ratio
iii. The equity ratio

## Free Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hivwEczDaE }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MFkJcP54Q3Y }}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BfsKckWWezc }}$ |
| Part 4 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YzDQgGf0wBc }}$ |
| Part 5 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dt0K8uD-jTw }}$ |

## 1-3B - Basic Financial Statements

John's Jungle Gyms is an indoor play area for children. Parents bring their toddlers to play on germ-covered slides, ladders, ball pits, monkey bars and other pieces of equipment. The following account balances relate to the company's October 31, 2024 month end financial statements:

| Retained earnings (Oct. 1, 2024) | $\$ 118,090$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cash | 14,000 |
| Accounts payable | 5,000 |
| Wages payable | 2,000 |
| Repair expense | 1,500 |
| Accounts receivable | 500 |
| Dividends | 200 |
| Depreciation expense | 2,600 |


| Admission revenue | $\$ 25,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Mortgage | 178,000 |
| Buildings, net | 225,000 |
| Wages expense | 6,000 |
| Insurance expense | 3,000 |
| Common shares (Oct. 1, 2024) | 10 |
| Equipment, net | 75,000 |
| Utilities expense | 300 |

There were no common shares issued or repurchased during the month.
Required:
a.) Prepare an income statement for the month ended October 31, 2024.
b.) Prepare a statement of changes in equity for the month ended October 31, 2024.
c.) Prepare a balance sheet as at October 31, 2024.
d.) Based on your financial statements, compute:
i. The current ratio
ii. The debt ratio
iii. The equity ratio

Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zw1N76G_KYI }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u8M4i1t1ndg }}$ |

## 1-4A - More Complex Financial Statements

Industrial Relations Ltd. offers mediation services for unionized companies. When there is a contract dispute between a union and company management, often the two sides require an outside consultant to assist in the negotiations - Industrial Relations Ltd. fills this role. The following account balances relate to the company's June 30, 2024 year-end financial statements:

| Accumulated depreciation - buildings | $\$ 12,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Wages expense | 35,000 |
| Equipment | 7,000 |
| Supplies | 500 |
| Depreciation expense | 2,500 |
| Consulting revenue | 88,000 |
| Buildings | 125,000 |
| Cash | 3,000 |
| Dividends | 6,000 |
| Income tax expense | 11,000 |


| Travel expense | $\$ 6,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Retained earnings (July 1, 2023) | 34,900 |
| Accumulated depreciation - equipment | 1,500 |
| Supplies expense | 3,500 |
| Interest expense | 3,000 |
| Common shares (July 1, 2023) | 100 |
| Mortgage payable | 60,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 1,000 |
| Notes payable | 5,000 |
| Accounts payable | 2,000 |

Notes:

- There were no common shares issued or repurchased during the year.
- The current portion of the mortgage payable was $\$ 8,000$.

Required:
a.) Prepare an income statement for the year ended June 30, 2024.
b.) Prepare a statement of changes in equity for the year ended June 30, 2024.
c.) Prepare a balance sheet as at June 30, 2024.
d.) Based on your financial statements, compute:
i. The current ratio
ii. The debt ratio
iii. The equity ratio

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https: }} / / /$ www.youtube.com/watch?v=TZngXKk0gBg |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https: } / / \text { www.youtube.com/watch?v=DoTiTy6QxhQ }}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pqG2hxtT1_o }}$ |

## 1-4B - More Complex Financial Statements

Ragequit PC Repair specializes in computer equipment repair following incidents of "gamer rage". After losing online games some gamers enter a fit of irrational rage, and break gaming controllers, monitors, notebook computers, mice, keyboards and televisions*. This rage has been lucrative for the Ragequit PC Repair. The following account balances relate to the company's November 30, 2024 year-end financial statements:

| Bank loan payable | 4,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Interest expense | 250 |
| Dividends | 700 |
| Common shares (Dec 1, 2023) | 50 |
| Wages expense | 38,000 |
| Supplies | 1,200 |
| Supplies expense | 5,000 |
| Tools and Equipment | 6,000 |
| Retained earnings (Dec 1, 2023) | 500 |


| Income tax expense | 200 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Repair revenue | 55,000 |
| Accounts payable | 400 |
| Rent expense | 8,500 |
| Accounts receivable | 100 |
| Accumulated depreciation - tools and equipment | 1,500 |
| Cash | 900 |
| Notes payable | 800 |
| Depreciation expense | 1,400 |

Notes:

- There were no common shares issued or repurchased during the year.
- The current portion of the bank loan payable was $\$ 600$.


## Required:

a.) Prepare an income statement for the year ended November 30, 2024.
b.) Prepare a statement of changes in equity for the year ended November 30, 2024.
c.) Prepare a balance sheet as at November 30, 2024.
d.) Based on your financial statements, compute:
i. The current ratio
ii. The debt ratio
iii. The equity ratio
*Like when your opponent (who had unbelievable RNG luck the whole game) top-decks the exact card he needed to beat you, even though you outplayed him, and are clearly smarter and better than him. Ridiculous. Hearthstone is for babies.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HMhNIpVFVes }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i5AJXhL6nuo }}$ |

## 1-5A - More Complex Financial Statements (Net Loss and Share Issuance)

On Time Delivery Service is attempting to disrupt the package delivery industry. The company allows customers to use an app to track the exact location of their package at all times (with GPS). Its proprietary computer algorithm allows the company to estimate the delivery time of its packages very accurately. The company has taken on a round of venture capital investment in the most recent year. The following account balances relate to the company's December 31, 2024 year-end financial statements:

| Depreciation expense | 24,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Wages expense | 230,000 |
| Common shares (Jan 1, 2024) | 10,000 |
| Supplies expense | 15,000 |
| Interest expense | 12,000 |
| Income tax refund (negative expense) | 7,000 |
| Computers | 168,000 |
| Delivery equipment | 215,000 |
| Cash | 184,000 |
| Interest payable | 8,000 |


| Accumulated depreciation - equipment | 61,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Accumulated depreciation - computers | 42,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 17,000 |
| Supplies | 6,000 |
| Insurance expense | 9,000 |
| Bank loan payable | 140,000 |
| Delivery revenue | 260,000 |
| Dividends | 10,000 |
| Retained earnings (Jan 1, 2024) | 94,000 |
| Accounts payable | 18,000 |

## Notes:

- The company issued $\$ 250,000$ of common shares during the year.
- There were no shares repurchased during the year.
- The current portion of the bank loan payable was $\$ 30,000$.

Required:
a.) Prepare an income statement for the year ended December 31, 2024.
b.) Prepare a statement of changes in equity for the year ended December 31, 2024.
c.) Prepare a balance sheet as at December 31, 2024.
d.) Based on your financial statements, compute:
i. The current ratio
ii. The debt ratio
iii. The equity ratio

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6I1V-BftAKY |
| :---: | :---: |
| Part 2 | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=05 \mathrm{spwaxwTFI}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-z4JMq-hX0Y }}$ |

## 1-5B - More Complex Financial Statements (Share Issuance)

Accountingworkbook.com is a website that offers accounting tutorial videos for dazed and confused accounting students all over the world, many of whom stumble on to the website late at night while cramming for exams. The following account balances relate to the company's January 31, 2024 year-end financial statements:

| Utilities expense | 1,500 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Depreciation expense | 350 |
| Income tax expense | 1,150 |
| Retained earnings (February 1, 2023) | 4,000 |
| Web server expense | 1,000 |
| Subscription revenue | 7,000 |
| Advertising expense | 700 |
| Cash | 6,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation - computers | 700 |


| Accounts payable | 300 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Common shares (February 1, 2023) | 50 |
| Bank loan payable | 1,000 |
| Interest expense | 200 |
| Computers | 2,500 |
| Supplies | 100 |
| Supplies expense | 600 |
| Dividends | 50 |
| Interest payable | 100 |

## Notes:

- The company issued $\$ 1,000$ of common shares during the year.
- There were no shares repurchased during the year.
- The current portion of the bank loan payable was $\$ 500$.


## Required:

a.) Prepare an income statement for the year ended January 31, 2024.
b.) Prepare a statement of changes in equity for the year ended January 31, 2024.
c.) Prepare a balance sheet as at January 31, 2024.
d.) Based on your financial statements, compute:
i. The current ratio
ii. The debt ratio
iii. The equity ratio

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vMAPxRVb7Gg }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https:///www.youtube.com/watch?v=PgkdrPFgx18 }}$ |

# Module 2: Recording Transactions 

Module Introduction Video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MZPXC4v8NCU

## 2-1A - Basic Journal Entries - New Company

Joe's Car Repairs started operating on June 1. The following transactions occurred during June:
June 1 Joe invested \$10,000 cash and invested equipment valued at \$20,000 in exchange for 500 common shares.

June 2 Paid rent on a small downtown garage for $\$ 2,500$ (cash) to cover the month of June.

June 3 Purchased equipment on account. $\$ 8,000$ is due to be paid on July 3.
June 6 Paid \$100 to sponsor a local sports team.
June $10 \quad$ Paid $\$ 250$ cash dividend to shareholders.
June 14 Paid employees' salaries of \$2,000.
June 15 Performed car repair work for the first two weeks of June. Billed and received \$7,000.

June 16 Performed car repair work for customer \#233-\$1,000. The customer did not pay but agreed to pay within 30 days.

June 22 Paid for the equipment purchase from June 3.
June 26 Received one half of the amount owed from the June 16 transaction.
June $30 \quad$ Paid employees' salaries of \$2,000.
June 30 Received a telephone bill for $\$ 125$ for June. Not yet paid.

## Required:

Record all necessary journal entries based on the transactions above.

Members Video Walkthrough:
2-1A $\quad$ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eCQ4VDhRHMQ

## 2-1B - Basic Journal Entries - New Company

Fred McCarthy started his company, Cheapo Tours to take customers to the Grand Canyon from Las Vegas. The company began operations in March. The following transactions occurred during the company's first month:

March 1 Fred invested \$10,000 cash and a van valued at \$7,500 in exchange for 50,000 common shares.

March 3 Paid \$1,000 cash to advertise online.
March 5 Purchased equipment on account: \$3,000.
March 6 Purchased a second van for \$8,000. Paid \$2,000 and took the rest as a car loan.
March 15 Took first tour group to see the Grand Canyon. The trip was a success.
Customers paid $\$ 1,000$ each for their tour. In total, thirteen customers on the tour paid $\$ 12,000$. One customer was not able to pay, but promised to pay his $\$ 1,000$ by the end of the month.

March 16 Joe paid his employees' salaries of \$3,000.
March 17 Purchased fuel for the vehicles: \$500
March 19 Paid $\$ 800$ to repair a broken window on one of the vans.
March 20 Paid for the March 5 equipment purchase.
March 22 Received a utilities bill: \$200. Did not pay yet.
March 25 Received the last \$1,000 from the March 15 tour.
March 31 Took a second tour group of 15 people. Each paid \$1,000.
March 31 Paid employees' salaries of \$3,000.
March 31 Shareholders took a cash dividend of \$5,000.

## Required:

Record all necessary journal entries based on the transactions above.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| 2-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VjBH9v0NYH8 |
| :--- | :--- |

## 2-2A - Basic Journal Entries, T-Accounts, Trial Balance - New Company

In August, Maria Chen started her new taxidermy business: The Right Stuff Inc. The business focused on preserving family pets after they passed away. The following transactions occurred during August:

August 1 Maria invested \$1,000 cash in exchange for 250 common shares.
August 1 Rented work space. Paid $\$ 600$ for the month of August.
August 2 The company borrowed $\$ 5,000$ in the form of a long-term bank loan. The money was planned to purchase much of the equipment that would be needed.

August 5 Purchased equipment: $\$ 4,000$. Paid $\$ 1,000$ with the rest payable at the end of August.

August 10 Received and completed first taxidermy job - a poodle named Rex. Received $\$ 400$ cash.

August 12 Purchased supplies on account: \$200.
August 13 Completed second taxidermy job: A chocolate Labrador retriever named KitKat: $\$ 600$ on account.

August 14 Maria took a cash dividend of \$500 to pay for personal expenses.
August 19 Received and paid the utilities bill, \$200.
August 20 Paid for the August 5 equipment purchase.
August 21 Received a telephone bill: \$200. Did not pay yet.
August 24 Received payment for the August $13^{\text {th }}$ job.
August 27 Completed third taxidermy job: A calico cat named Spot: $\$ 250$. Received payment.

August 31 Paid salaries of $\$ 1,000$.
Required:
a.) Record all necessary journal entries based on the transactions above.
b.) Post the transactions to T-Accounts.
c.) Prepare a trial balance dated August 31.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2GzjWFNqzTk |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{J} 5 \mathrm{~S} 7 \mathrm{CvvowWM}}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{IpJy} \text {-P eg9A }}$ |

## 2-2B - Basic Journal Entries, T-Accounts, Trial Balance - New Company

Sandy Bell opened a "Zip Line" eco-adventure park in July. The following transactions occurred in the first month of operations:

July 1 Sandy invested $\$ 1,000$ cash in exchange for 50 common shares.
July 1 Purchased equipment on account - \$15,000 due August 1.
July 2 The company borrowed \$25,000 in the form of a long-term bank loan. The money was planned to pay off the equipment loan.

July 5 Purchased insurance for the year: paid \$8,000 cash. (Note this amount should not be expensed as it represents an asset to the company.

July $8 \quad$ Paid off equipment purchased on July 1.
July 9 Took first group through an adventure tour. Collected \$1,000 cash.
July 12 Purchased fuel: \$500 cash.
July 16 Purchased supplies: \$100 cash.
July 18 Sandy took a cash dividend of $\$ 1,000$ to pay for personal expenses.
July 20 Received but did not pay the telephone bill, \$200.
July 21 Took another tour group out. Billed the group \$2,000. Payment has not yet been received.

July 26 Received a utilities bill: $\$ 250$. Did not pay yet.
July 28 Took out a tour group. Received payment in full: \$1,500.
July 31 Paid employees' salaries of \$3,000.
Required:
a.) Record all necessary journal entries based on the transactions above.
b.) Post the transactions to T-Accounts.
c.) Prepare a trial balance dated July 31.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ODmPO5uGXY8 }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WjlyGKqP3jM }}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tY0iB-rhECM }}$ |

## 2-3A -Journal Entries, T-Accounts, Trial Balance - Existing Company

ABC Carpet Cleaners had been operating for several years. On March 1, the company had the following account balances: Cash \$5,000; Accounts Receivable \$300; Equipment (net) \$3,000; Accounts Payable \$500; Bank Loan \$2,000; Common Shares \$100; and Retained Earnings $\$ 5,700$.

The following transactions occurred during the month of March.
March 1 Purchased (and used) cleaning supplies for cash: $\$ 600$.
March 2 Paid off the \$500 that was owed from February.
March 4 Completed a major cleaning job. Billed \$3,000 but did not collect.
March 9 Purchased a new Super Sucker brand vacuum for $\$ 6,000$ on account. Payment is due in 30 days.

March 11 Collected amount owed to us from February.
March 15 Completed a cleaning job. Billed \$1,000, collected half.
March 16 Paid employees' salaries of \$2,500.
March 19 Paid \$500 to repair a broken vacuum.
March 22 Received and paid a heating bill: \$100.
March 24 Received a telephone bill: \$50, did not pay.
March 28 Collected money from the March 4 cleaning job.
March 29 Completed major cleaning job. Billed \$7,000, payment is due on April 29.
March 31 Paid employees' salaries of $\$ 2,500$.
March 31 Paid interest of $\$ 75$ on the bank loan.
March 31 Shareholders took a dividend totaling \$700.
Required:
a.) Record all necessary journal entries based on the transactions above.
b.) Post the transactions to T-Accounts.
c.) Prepare a trial balance dated March 31.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https: } / / / \mathrm{www} . y o u t u b e . c o m / w a t c h ? v=G F E Q q 6 w M s C 4 ~}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{FGfuAcIKcTk}}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{HKiyDggThtQ}}$ |

## 2-3B -Journal Entries, T-Accounts, Trial Balance - Existing Company

Teacher's Pet Tutoring Service provides extra help for students. The company has been operating successfully for several years and has the following account balances entering April:
Cash \$8,000; Accounts Receivable $\$ 1,500$; Supplies $\$ 5,000$; Computers (net) $\$ 15,000$; Accounts Payable \$300; Bank Loan Payable \$3,500; Common Shares \$50; Retained Earnings \$25,650. The following transactions occurred in April:

April 1 Paid off account payable owing from March.
April 3 Paid \$3,000 for advertising for the month of April.
April $4 \quad$ Purchased supplies on account: $\$ 1,000$.
April 6 Collected the \$1,500 receivable from March.
April 8 Received, but did not pay a $\$ 250$ electricity bill.
April 12 An employee who was short of money borrowed \$500. He signed a note and promised to repay the company after payday. He is a good employee and the company chose not to charge him any interest or fees.

April 15 Paid employees' salaries of $\$ 4,000$.
April 18 Employee repaid the $\$ 500$ loan.
April 20 Borrowed $\$ 10,000$ from the bank with the intention of purchasing new computers.
April 21 Purchased new computers \$8,500.
April 24 Received and paid telephone bill \$150.
April 26 Paid employees' salaries of \$4,000.
April $29 \quad$ Paid electricity bill received on April 8.
April $30 \quad$ Paid interest on the loans for the month of $\$ 100$.
April 30 Billed $\$ 18,000$ for the month of tutoring service. Collected $\$ 16,000$ in cash, awaiting payment for the remainder.

## Required:

a.) Record all necessary journal entries based on the transactions above.
b.) Post the transactions to T-Accounts.
c.) Prepare a trial balance dated April 30.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1-ztIFsO2YI }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AiQ3uujJ1sU }}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{rPDAEEWf2UI}}$ |

## 2-4A - More Journal Entries, T-Accounts, Trial Balance

Adworks Inc. is a web-based advertising agency that develops animated commercials and banner ads for clients. The company had the following account balances entering the month of January: Cash \$12,000; Accounts Receivable \$4,000; Supplies \$500; Equipment \$17,000; Accumulated Depreciation - Equipment \$6,000; Accounts Payable \$3,500; Bank Loan \$9,000; Common Shares \$1,000; and Retained Earnings \$14,000.

The following transactions occurred during the month:
January 1 Spent \$1,100 on Google "Adwords" to promote the business.
January 2 Renewed insurance. Paid $\$ 4,000$ for a one-year insurance renewal.
January 4 Collected accounts receivable from the prior month.
January 9 Purchased new computer: \$1,500 on account.
January 11 Paid accounts payable from December.
January 15 Paid employees' salaries of $\$ 3,000$.
January 16 Issued 4,000 common shares, received \$15,000.
January 19 Hired two new employees who will start in February and March. Both will receive monthly salaries of $\$ 4,000$ (each).

January 22 Billed and collected \$15,000 from clients.
January 24 Received but did not yet pay cable internet bill: \$400.
January 28 Received, but did not pay the electric bill: $\$ 200$.
January 29 Completed a job and billed a client $\$ 3,000$ but did not collect.
January 31 Paid dividends to shareholders of $\$ 2,000$.
January 31 Paid income taxes for the month $\$ 1,000$.
January 31 Received an advance of $\$ 5,000$ from a client. (Note, we had not done any work.)
Required:
a.) Record all necessary journal entries based on the transactions above.
b.) Post the transactions to T-Accounts.
c.) Prepare a trial balance dated January 31.

Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fZMaOgirUic |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z8Xcgid1 Y4 }}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1tvUCM-Z48A }}$ |

## 2-4B - More Journal Entries, T-Accounts, Trial Balance

Freida's Ferns is a Landscaping Business. The company had the following account balances entering February: Cash $\$ 1,000$; Accounts Receivable $\$ 500$; Supplies $\$ 1,500$; Equipment \$12,000; Accumulated Depreciation - Equipment \$7,000; Accounts Payable \$400; Bank Loan $\$ 2,600$; Common Shares $\$ 2,000$; and Retained Earnings $\$ 3,000$.

The following transactions occurred during February:
February 1 Purchased supplies on account: $\$ 500$.
February 3 Collected the amount receivable from January.
February 5 Borrowed \$5,000 from the bank.
February 7 Purchased new lawn mower for $\$ 3,000$ cash.
February 8 Paid off accounts payable from January.
February 14 Performed lawn mowing work for the first two weeks. Charge a flat rate of $\$ 20$ per lawn, the company mowed 150 lawns. Collected from all but 5 customers.

February 15 Paid employee's salary of \$2,000.
February 17 Collected from 4 of the 5 unpaid customers from the first two weeks of February.
February 20 Issued 1,000 common shares for $\$ 2,000$ cash.
February 21 Purchased fuel for the mowers: $\$ 1,200$ cash.
February 28 Performed lawn mowing work for the first two weeks. Charge $\$ 20$ per lawn, the company mowed 180 lawns. Collected from all but 8 customers.

February 28 Paid employee's salary of \$2,000.
February 28 Paid income tax installment of $\$ 500$.
February 28 Paid interest on the loan: \$200.
February 28 Paid dividends to shareholders: \$1,000.

## Required:

a.) Record all necessary journal entries based on the transactions above.
b.) Post the transactions to T-Accounts.
c.) Prepare a trial balance dated February 28.

Members Video Walkthrough:

| Part 1 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r1kPaG6796g }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Part 2 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MS0DhmtLqI0 }}$ |
| Part 3 | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\text { ArGPtboWWCA }}$ |

# Module 3: Adjusting Entries and Closing Entries 

Module Introduction Video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ILa6NhOnHck

## 3-1A - 5 types of Adjustments

This problem explores 5 common types of adjusting journal entries. All problems relate to ABC Company, which has a fiscal year-end of December 31.

## a.) Prepaid expenses - Insurance

ABC Company purchases a one-year insurance policy on June 1, 2024 for $\$ 1,800$ cash.

## Required

Record the entry for the purchase of insurance and for the year-end adjustment.
b.) Depreciation

ABC Company purchases a vehicle on August 31, 2024 for $\$ 12,000$ cash. The vehicle is expected to be useful for 10 -years, after which time it will have no residual value. The company wishes to use straight-line depreciation.

## Required

Record the journal entry for the purchase of the vehicle and for the year-end adjustment.
c.) Accrued expenses - Interest

On May 1, 2024, ABC Company borrows $\$ 10,000$ from the bank and signs a note payable. The debt carries annual interest of $6 \%$ and is repaid in full (with interest) on July 1, 2025.

## Required

Record the journal entry for the initial borrowing, the year-end adjustment and the repayment of the debt.

## d.) Accrued revenues

As at December 31, 2024, ABC Company had provided 3 months of consulting service to a client at a rate of $\$ 1,000$ per month, but had not yet billed the client or collected any money. On January 31, 2025 the client was billed for four months of service and paid one week later on February 8, 2025.

## Required

Record the journal entry for the year-end adjustment, and any other entries required.

## e.) Unearned revenues

A client pre-pays ABC Company on November 1, 2024 for five months of consulting service (from November through the end of March). The company pays $\$ 15,000$. ABC Company earns the money evenly over the life of the project, and has fulfilled its obligations up to December 31.

## Required

Record the journal entry November 1 and for the year-end adjustment.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DElViWQvRK8

## 3-1B - 5 types of Adjustments

This problem explores 5 common types of adjusting journal entries. All problems relate to XYZ Company, which has a fiscal year-end of December 31.
a.) Prepaid expenses - Supplies

On December 15, XYZ Company was completely out of supplies, so the company purchased $\$ 1,500$ of supplies on account. On December 31, a supply count revealed $\$ 200$ of supplies were on hand.

## Required

Record the entry for the purchase of supplies and for the year-end adjustment.
b.) Depreciation

XYZ Company purchases a new building for $\$ 720,000$ on April 1, 2024. The building is fully financed by a mortgage. The building is expected to be useful for 20 years, after which time it will have no residual value. The company wishes to use straight-line depreciation.

## Required

Record the journal entry for the purchase of the building and for the year-end adjustment.
c.) Accrued expenses - Salaries

XYZ Company pays salaries of $\$ 4,000$ every Friday. The company has a 5 -day workweek and is open from Monday to Friday. This year, the December 31 falls on a Thursday.

## Required

Record the year-end adjustment and the entry for when salaries are paid on Friday, January 1.
d.) Accrued revenues - interest

On October 1, 2024, XYZ Company loaned an employee (Fred Smith) \$1,000. Fred signed a note promising to pay back the $\$ 1,000$ in full plus interest at annual rate of $12 \%$. On May 1, Fred pays back the note and accrued interest.

## Required

Record the journal entry for the initial loan, the year-end adjustment and the repayment.

## e.) Unearned revenues

On December 1, 2024, three customers each prepaid $\$ 500$ for a 5-month consulting package. XYZ Company fulfilled its obligations up to December 31.

## Required

Record the journal entry December 1 and for the year-end adjustment.
Members Video Walkthrough:

[^1]
## 3-2A - Recording transactions and adjusting entries

Iginla Inc. has a fiscal year end of December 31, 2024. Below are transactions that occurred during the year:
a.) On February 1, the company purchased a 1-year insurance policy for $\$ 4,800$ cash.
b.) On May 17, the company purchased $\$ 2,000$ of supplies on account. The supplies were counted at year end, and there were $\$ 450$ remaining.
c.) On August 31, the company purchased a truck for $\$ 38,000$. The truck's estimated useful life is 12 years, and there is no expected residual value.
d.) On September 30, the company signed a note payable, borrowing $\$ 10,000$ cash from a local credit union at an annual interest rate of $7 \%$. They promised to repay $\$ 10,000$ plus interest on May 1, 2025.
e.) On November 1, the company loaned $\$ 1,000$ cash to an employee. The employee promised to repay the company the principal plus 3\% annual interest on January 31, 2025.
f.) On November 20, the company received a $\$ 5,000$ advance payment for cleaning services it would deliver for the months of December and January. As of December 31, it had successfully fulfilled its first month of obligation.

## Required:

For the transactions above, record a journal entry for the original transaction and record the required year-end adjustment. (If no journal entry is required, write "no entry".)

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AsFcTwOYiNg

## 3-2B - Recording transactions and adjusting entries

Doan Inc. has a fiscal year end of March 31, 2025. The following transactions occurred during the year:
a.) April 30, 2024: Purchased insurance for the year: $\$ 6,000$.
b.) June 1, 2024: Purchased equipment on account: $\$ 4,000$. The equipment had an expected useful life of 8 years and no expected residual value.
c.) July 21, 2024: Purchased supplies for cash: $\$ 2,000$. A count at year-end revealed the company still had $\$ 1,700$ of supplies remaining.
d.) August 31, 2024: Borrowed $\$ 8,000$ cash in the form of a note payable. The note has annual interest at a rate of $11 \%$. The company expects to repay the note on August 1 , 2025.
e.) December 1, 2024: Loaned $\$ 3,000$ cash signing a note receivable. The note has an annual interest rate of $6 \%$. The company expects to be repaid on June 30, 2025.
f.) January 1, 2025: The company received a $\$ 12,000$ prepayment for software development services it would be delivering over the next four months. As of fiscal year end, the first three months of the service had been delivered on time and on schedule with one more month remaining.

## Required:

For the transactions above, record a journal entry for the original transaction and record the required year-end adjustment. (If no journal entry is required, write "no entry".)

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qmIoiqDR0 c

## 3-3A - Adjusting Entries, the Adjusted Trial Balance Worksheet, Financial Statements and Closing Entries

Below is the June 30, 2024 unadjusted trial balance of Netlock Security, a firm that offers hacking prevention services to large companies.

|  | Unadjusted TB |  | Adjustments |  | Adjusted TB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DR | CR | DR | CR | DR | CR |
| Cash | \$38,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable | 12,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supplies | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prepaid insurance | 28,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computers | 214,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| A.D. - Computers |  | \$46,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 8,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries payable |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest payable |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unearned security revenue |  | 15,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Note payable |  | 30,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Common shares |  | 40,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Retained earnings |  | 87,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends | 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Security revenue |  | 485,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries expense | 320,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supplies expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Repairs expense | 17,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rent expense | 60,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax expense | $\underline{7,000}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$711,000 | \$711,000 |  |  |  |  |

The company's fiscal year end is June 30, and the following items require adjustment:
a.) A count of supplies reveals $\$ 300$ were on hand on June 30.
b.) The $\$ 28,000$ insurance policy was purchased on March 1, 2024.
c.) The computers were purchased years ago for 214,000 . At the time of purchase, the estimated life of the computers was 10 years with no estimated residual value.
d.) The $\$ 30,000$ note payable was issued on February 1, 2024 and accrues interest at a $10 \%$ annual rate. The note is expected to be repaid in late-2024.
e.) On May 1, 2024 the company entered into a 3-month contract to provide security for a major corporation, the corporation paid $\$ 15,000$ for their 3-month contract on May 1, and that amount was correctly recorded as unearned revenue. On June 30, Netlock had fulfilled the first 2 months of the contract.
f.) The company had three employees who were owed for two days of salaries at year end. Each employee earns $\$ 250$ per day.
g.) On June 1, 2024, the company entered into an agreement to provide service for a new client at a rate of $\$ 4,000$ per month. At the end of June, the client had received their first month of service but had not yet been billed.

## Required:

a.) As necessary, record adjusting journal entries based on items a.) through g.) above.
b.) Using your adjusting journal entries, complete the adjusted trial balance.
c.) Based on the adjusted trial balance, prepare an income statement, statement of changes in equity and a balance sheet. Assume no common shares were issued during the year.
d.) Prepare closing entries for the company.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

| 3-3A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r7 llRfs6UE |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3-3A (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TKpabpcjk14 }}$ |
| 3-3A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NT5zaYuEyuk |
| 3-3A (Part 4) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= nfi9b6QDd0 }}$ |

## 3-3B - Adjusting Entries, the Adjusted Trial Balance Worksheet, Financial Statements, Closing Entries

Below is the September 30, 2024 unadjusted trial balance of CleanPanes Window Washers:

|  | Unadjusted TB |  | Adjustments |  | Adjusted TB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DR | CR | DR | CR | DR | CR |
| Cash | \$1,600 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable | 750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supplies | 400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prepaid insurance | 1,600 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prepaid rent | 800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment | 20,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| A.D. - Equipment |  | \$2,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Wages payable |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest payable |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unearned washing revenue |  | 600 |  |  |  |  |
| Note payable |  | 4,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Common shares |  | 1,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Retained earnings |  | 2,550 |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends | 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washing revenue |  | 38,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Wages expense | 12,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supplies expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maintenance expense | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rent expense | 8,800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax expense | $\underline{2,000}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$49,050 | \$49,050 |  |  |  |  |

The company's fiscal year end is September 30, and the following items require adjustment:
a.) A count of supplies reveals $\$ 50$ were on hand on September 30 .
b.) The $\$ 1,600$ insurance policy was purchased on February 1, 2024.
c.) The equipment was purchased last year. At the time of purchase, the estimated life of the equipment was 10 years with no estimated residual value.
d.) The $\$ 4,000$ note payable was issued on July 1, 2024 and accrues interest at a $7 \%$ annual rate. The note is expected to be repaid in January of 2025.
e.) On September 1, 2024 the company entered into a 6-month contract to provide window washing for a local restaurant. The restaurant paid $\$ 600$ in advance for the service. CleanPanes has washed the restaurant's windows properly up to September 30.
f.) The company had an employee who had unpaid wages of $\$ 100$ on September 30.
g.) As of September 30, the company had completed, but not yet billed $\$ 250$ worth of work.
h.) The prepaid rent was for the months of August and September. It has all expired.

## Required:

a.) As necessary, record adjusting journal entries based on items a.) through g.) above.
b.) Using your adjusting journal entries, complete the adjusted trial balance.
c.) Based on the adjusted trial balance, prepare an income statement, statement of changes in equity and a balance sheet. Assume no common shares were issued during the year.
d.) Prepare closing entries for the company.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| 3-3B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fWc216sv2bU |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3-3B (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DT7Y9GXMpEc }}$ |
| 3-3B (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=77rNyZLclkU }}$ |
| 3-3B (Part 4) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uQoWcZWVp4g }}$ |

## 3-4A - Closing Entries

Below is XYZ Consulting Inc.'s adjusted trial balance on its fiscal year end: December 31, 2024.

|  | Adjusted TB |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | DR | CR |
| Cash | $\$ 125,000$ |  |
| Accounts receivable | 22,000 |  |
| Supplies | 15,000 |  |
| Prepaid rent | 8,000 |  |
| Equipment | 225,000 |  |
| Accumulated depreciation - equipment |  | $\$ 52,000$ |
| Accounts payable |  | 9,000 |
| Salaries payable |  | 10,000 |
| Unearned consulting revenue |  | 85,000 |
| Notes payable |  | 4,000 |
| Common shares |  | 184,000 |
| Retained earnings | 2,000 |  |
| Dividends |  | $\underline{350,000}$ |
| Consulting revenue | 40,000 |  |
| Wages expense | 9,000 |  |
| Interest expense | 12,000 |  |
| Depreciation expense | 26,000 |  |
| Repairs expense | 96,000 |  |
| Insurance expense | $\underline{12,000}$ |  |
| Rent expense | $\underline{\$ 69,000}$ | $\underline{\$ 696,000}$ |
| Income tax expense |  |  |

## Required:

Based on the adjusted trial balance above, prepare the necessary closing entry/entries.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hwm3qOzdzdE

## 3-4B - Closing Entries

Below is ABC Consulting Inc.'s adjusted trial balance on its fiscal year end: December 31, 2024.

## Adjusted TB

|  | DR | CR |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash | $\$ 3,000$ |  |
| Accounts receivable | 500 |  |
| Supplies | 1,000 |  |
| Prepaid insurance | 200 |  |
| Buildings | 125,000 |  |
| Accumulated depreciation - buildings |  | $\$ 32,000$ |
| Accounts payable |  | 100 |
| Wages payable |  | 300 |
| Interest payable |  | 600 |
| Unearned consulting revenue |  | 1,200 |
| Mortgage payable |  | 65,000 |
| Common shares | 1,200 | 14,200 |
| Retained earnings | 50,000 |  |
| Dividends | 3,500 |  |
| Consulting revenue | 4,000 |  |
| Wages expense | 1,000 |  |
| Interest expense | 1,400 |  |
| Depreciation expense | 2,800 |  |
| Maintenance expense | $\underline{5,000}$ |  |
| Insurance expense | $\underline{\$ 198,600}$ | $\underline{\$ 198,600}$ |
| Rent expense |  |  |
| Income tax expense |  |  |
| Total |  |  |

## Required:

Based on the adjusted trial balance above, prepare the necessary closing entry/entries.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LDci2dV3twQ

# Module 4: Cash 

Module Introduction Video:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FHtXHPmQ_Ao

## 4-1A - Bank Reconciliation

ZipFlyer Inc.'s cash T-Account for May shows the following information:

| Cash |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Comments | Amount | Date | Comments | Amount |
| May 1 | Opening balance | \$13,846 | May 1 | Cheque \#75 | \$550 |
| May 1 | Deposit | 1,550 | May 3 | Cheque \#76 | 875 |
| May 3 | Deposit | 2,700 | May 4 | Cheque \#77 | 1,256 |
| May 15 | Deposit | 4,950 | May 7 | Cheque \#78 | 3,684 |
| May 21 | Deposit | 2,600 | May 10 | Cheque \#79 | 1,100 |
| May 31 | Deposit | 3,000 | May 13 | Cheque \#80 | 486 |
|  |  |  | May 17 | Cheque \#81 | 548 |
|  |  |  | May 21 | Cheque \#82 | 3,058 |
|  |  |  | May 25 | Cheque \#83 | 1,244 |
|  |  |  | May 28 | Cheque \#84 | 983 |
|  |  |  | May 29 | Cheque \#85 | 68 |
|  |  |  | May 31 | Cheque \#86 | 175 |

The following comes from the company's April 2024 Bank Statement:

| Date | Description | Withdrawals | Deposits | Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 30 | Balance Forward |  |  | \$13,846 |
| May 2 | Deposit |  | 1,550 | 15,396 |
| May 3 | Cheque \#75 | 550 |  | 14,846 |
| May 4 | Deposit |  | 2,700 | 17,546 |
| May 6 | Cheque \#77 | 1,256 |  | 16,290 |
| May 7 | NSF Cheque - W. White | 600 |  | 15,690 |
| May 8 | Cheque \#76 | 875 |  | 14,815 |
| May 10 | Cheque \#78 | 3,684 |  | 11,131 |
| May 11 | Bank Collection |  | 4,300 | 15,431 |
| May 13 | Cheque \#79 | 1,100 |  | 14,331 |
| May 14 | EFT - Utilities bill | 300 |  | 14,031 |
| May 15 | Deposit |  | 4,950 | 18,981 |
| May 18 | Cheque \#80 | 468 |  | 18,513 |
| May 21 | Deposit |  | 2,600 | 21,113 |
| May 24 | EFT - Telephone | 100 |  | 21,013 |
| May 25 | Cheque \#82 | 3,058 |  | 17,955 |
| May 27 | Cheque \#83 | 1,244 |  | 16,711 |
| May 31 | Bank plan fee | 5 |  | 16,706 |
| May 31 | Interest |  | 1 | 16,707 |

Additional Information:
A - The correct amount of cheque $\# 80$ - a payment of an account payable is $\$ 468$. ZipFlyer's bookkeeper made an error. B - The bank collection was a note receivable. The note included principal of $\$ 4,000$ and interest of $\$ 300$. No previous interest accruals had been made on the note.

## Required

a.) Prepare a bank reconciliation dated May 31, 2024.
b.) Record any required adjustments based on your reconciliation.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

| 4-1A (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RzKu59vEwGE }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $4-1 \mathrm{~A}$ (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=88f5102t11I }}$ |

## 4-1B - Bank Reconciliation

Biggie Burger's cash T-Account for July shows the following information:

| Cash |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Comments | Amount | Date | Comments | Amount |
| July 1 | Opening balance | \$6,843 | July 1 | Cheque \#143 | \$550 |
| July 1 | Deposit | 2,200 | July 3 | Cheque \#144 | 1,225 |
| July 3 | Deposit | 500 | July 4 | Cheque \#145 | 300 |
| July 15 | Deposit | 1,800 | July 7 | Cheque \#146 | 1,350 |
| July 21 | Deposit | 800 | July 10 | Cheque \#147 | 62 |
| July 25 | Deposit | 400 | July 13 | Cheque \#148 | 1,640 |
| July 31 | Deposit | 1,600 | July 17 | Cheque \#149 | 543 |
|  |  |  | July 21 | Cheque \#150 | 2,400 |
|  |  |  | July 25 | Cheque \#151 | 300 |
|  |  |  | July 28 | Cheque \#152 | 450 |
|  |  |  | July 29 | Cheque \#153 | 560 |
|  |  |  | July 31 | Cheque \#154 | 400 |
| July 31 | Ending Balance | \$4,363 |  |  |  |

The following comes from the company's April 2024 Bank Statement:

| Date | Description | Withdrawals | Deposits | Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 1 | Balance forward |  |  | \$6,843 |
| July 2 | Deposit |  | 2,200 | 9,043 |
| July 3 | Cheque \#143 | 550 |  | 8,493 |
| July 3 | Deposit |  | 500 | 8,993 |
| July 4 | EFT - Maintenance | 150 |  | 8,843 |
| July 5 | Cheque \#144 | 1,252 |  | 7,591 |
| July 7 | Cheque \#145 | 300 |  | 7,291 |
| July 9 | Bank Collection |  | 600 | 7,891 |
| July 12 | Cheque \#147 | 62 |  | 7,829 |
| July 14 | NSF Cheque - J. Carver | 500 |  | 7,329 |
| July 16 | Deposit |  | 1,800 | 9,129 |
| July 17 | Cheque \#148 | 1,640 |  | 7,489 |
| July 21 | Deposit |  | 800 | 8,289 |
| July 23 | Cheque \#150 | 2,400 |  | 5,889 |
| July 24 | Cheque \#149 | 543 |  | 5,346 |
| July 25 | Deposit |  | 400 | 5,746 |
| July 28 | Cheque \#151 | 300 |  | 5,446 |
| July 31 | Bank plan fee | 10 |  | 5,436 |
| July 31 | Interest |  | 2 | 5,438 |

Additional Information:
A - The correct amount of cheque \#144 - a payment of an account payable is $\$ 1,252$. Biggie Burger's bookkeeper made an error.
B - The bank collection was a note receivable. The note included principal of $\$ 500$ and interest of $\$ 100$. No previous interest accruals had been made on the note.

## Required

a.) Prepare a bank reconciliation dated July 31, 2024.
b.) Record any required adjustments based on your reconciliation.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C3bd-KnqJj4

## 4-2A - Bank Reconciliation (Clearing Prior Month Items)

Dentalworks Inc.'s bank reconciliation dated February 28, 2024 is shown below.

| bank reconciliation dated February 28, 2024 is shown below. |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Dentalworks Inc. <br> Bank Reconciliation <br> February 28 |  |  |
| Ending Balance per bank: <br> Add: Deposits in transit |  |  |
| Deduct: Outstanding cheques | $\$ 24,500$ |  |
| Checue \#2895 |  | 1,800 |
| Cheque \#2897 | $\$ 500$ |  |
| Cheque \#2898 | 300 |  |
| Reconciling Balance | $\underline{1,300}$ |  |

The company's cash T-Account for March shows the following information:

| Cash |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Comments | Amount | Date | Comments | Amount |
| March 1 | Opening balance | 24,200 | March 2 | Cheque \#2899 | 600 |
| March 6 | Deposit | 1,500 | March 3 | Cheque \#2900 | 750 |
| March 11 | Deposit | 800 | March 5 | Cheque \#2901 | 885 |
| March 30 | Deposit | 2,700 | March 8 | Cheque \#2902 | 2,600 |
| March 31 | Deposit | 1,250 | March 11 | Cheque \#2903 | 1,100 |
|  |  |  | March 16 | Cheque \#2904 | 50 |
|  |  |  | March 18 | Cheque \#2905 | 850 |
|  |  |  | March 21 | Cheque \#2906 | 1,900 |
|  |  |  | March 24 | Cheque \#2907 | 225 |
|  |  |  | March 30 | Cheque \#2908 | 900 |
|  |  |  | March 31 | Cheque \#2909 | 1,500 |
|  |  | 19,090 |  |  |  |

The following comes from the company's March 2024 Bank Statement:

| Date | Description | $\underline{\text { Withdrawals }}$ | Deposits |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| March 1 | Balance Forward |  |  | 24,500 |
| March 2 | Deposit |  | 1,800 | 26,300 |
| March 4 | Cheque \#2899 | 600 |  | 25,700 |
| March 5 | Cheque \#2898 | 1,300 |  | 24,400 |
| March 6 | EFT - Maintenance | 105 |  | 24,295 |
| March 7 | Cheque \#2900 | 750 |  | 23,545 |
| March 7 | Deposit |  | 1,500 | 25,045 |
| March 8 | Bank Collection |  | 840 | 25,885 |
| March 10 | Cheque \#2897 | 300 |  | 25,585 |
| March 11 | Cheque \#2902 | 2,600 |  | 22,985 |
| March 13 | Cheque \#2903 | 1,100 |  | 21,885 |
| March 13 | Deposit |  | 800 | 22,685 |
| March 21 | Cheque \#2905 | 850 |  | 21,835 |
| March 23 | Cheque \#2901 | 858 |  | 20,977 |
| March 25 | Cheque \#2907 | 225 |  | 20,752 |
| March 31 | EFT - Rent (April) | 1,300 |  | 19,452 |
| March 31 | Bank plan fee | 15 |  | 19,437 |
| March 31 | Interest |  | 1 | 19,438 |

Additional Information:
A - The correct amount of cheque \#2901 - a payment of an account payable is $\$ 858$. The company's bookkeeper made an error.
B - The bank collection was a note receivable. The note included principal of $\$ 800$ and interest of $\$ 40$. No previous interest accruals had been made on the note.

## Required

a.) Prepare a bank reconciliation dated March 31, 2024.
b.) Record any required adjustments based on your reconciliation.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hu8zvLex8Vs

## 4-2B - Bank Reconciliation (Clearing Prior Month Items)

CompuStore Inc.'s bank reconciliation dated August 31, 2024 is shown below.

|  | CompuStore Inc. Bank Reconciliation August 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ending Balance per bank: |  | \$32,800 |
| Add: Deposits in transit |  | 1,500 |
| Deduct: Outstanding cheques |  |  |
| Cheque \#824 | \$700 |  |
| Cheque \#825 | 1,100 |  |
| Cheque \#826 | $\underline{1,000}$ |  |
|  |  | $(2,800)$ |
| Reconciling Balance |  | \$31,500 |

The company's cash T-Account for September shows the following information:

| Cash |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Comments | Amount | Date | Comments | Amount |
| Sept 1 | Opening balance | 31,500 | Sept 1 | Cheque \#827 | 450 |
| Sept 5 | Deposit | 3,000 | Sept 3 | Cheque \#828 | 4,800 |
| Sept 21 | Deposit | 2,500 | Sept 10 | Cheque \#829 | 325 |
| Sept 26 | Deposit | 6,000 | Sept 12 | Cheque \#830 | 1,520 |
| Sept 30 | Deposit | 4,500 | Sept 15 | Cheque \#831 | 1,300 |
|  |  |  | Sept 19 | Cheque \#832 | 700 |
|  |  |  | Sept 21 | Cheque \#833 | 7,600 |
|  |  |  | Sept 22 | Cheque \#834 | 1,950 |
|  |  |  | Sept 25 | Cheque \#835 | 50 |
|  |  |  | Sept 28 | Cheque \#836 | 735 |
|  |  |  | Sept 29 | Cheque \#837 | 805 |

The following comes from the company's September 2024 Bank Statement:

| Date | Description | Withdrawals | Deposits | Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sept 1 | Balance forward |  |  | \$32,800 |
| Sept 1 | Cheque \#824 | 700 |  | 32,100 |
| Sept 2 | Cheque \#825 | 1,100 |  | 31,000 |
| Sept 2 | NSF Cheque - J. Staples | 500 |  | 30,500 |
| Sept 2 | Deposit |  | 1,500 | 32,000 |
| Sept 4 | Cheque \#827 | 450 |  | 31,550 |
| Sept 6 | Deposit |  | 3,000 | 34,550 |
| Sept 8 | Cheque \#828 | 4,800 |  | 29,750 |
| Sept 10 | EFT - Utilities | 150 |  | 29,600 |
| Sept 16 | Cheque \#830 | 1,520 |  | 28,080 |
| Sept 18 | Cheque \#829 | 352 |  | 27,728 |
| Sept 21 | Deposit |  | 2,500 | 30,228 |
| Sept 23 | Bank collection |  | 2,200 | 32,428 |
| Sept 24 | Cheque \#832 | 700 |  | 31,728 |
| Sept 27 | Deposit |  | 6,000 | 37,728 |
| Sept 28 | Cheque \#834 | 1,950 |  | 35,778 |
| Sept 30 | Cheque \#835 | 50 |  | 35,728 |
| Sept 30 | Bank plan fee | 25 |  | 35,703 |
| Sept 30 | Interest |  | 3 | 35,706 |

Additional Information:
A - The correct amount of cheque \#829 - a payment of an account payable is $\$ 325$. The bank made an error. B - The bank collection was a note receivable. The note included principal of $\$ 2,000$ and interest of $\$ 200$. No previous interest accruals had been made on the note.

## Required

a.) Prepare a bank reconciliation dated September 30, 2024.
b.) Record any required adjustments based on your reconciliation.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3yfHtnB8 ac

# Module 5: Receivables 

## Module Introduction Video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uuJDmY6mA6Q

## 5-1A -Note receivable

On July 31, 2024, Lender Co. loaned $\$ 56,000$ to B. Smith who signed a one-year 7\% note. Lender Co. has a November 30 fiscal year end.

## Required:

Assuming the note is paid back in full on July 31, 2025, record all journal entries and adjustments relevant to the note (from Lender Co's perspective.)

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OyEL5ZhmBdI

## 5-1B -Note receivable

On April 30, 2024, Bell Co. loaned $\$ 7,000$ to Y. Chang who signed a one-year 4\% note. Bell Co. has a June 30 fiscal year end.

## Required:

Assuming the note is paid back in full on April 30, 2025, record all journal entries and adjustments relevant to the note (from Bell Co's perspective.)

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JmqeJ1HhxHs

## 5-2A -Notes receivable

Smith Company has the following transactions involving notes receivable:
January 1 Provided consulting services for D. Becker. Becker was unable to pay cash, but signed a note for $\$ 9,000$ bearing 5\% annual interest.
March 1 Loaned \$15,000 to A. Owusu. Owusu signed a one-year 10\% note.
July 31 Becker repaid the note from January 1.
September 30 Loaned $\$ 20,000$ to W. Branchflower. Branchflower signed a 6-month 7\% note.
December 31 Accrued interest on all outstanding notes payable at year-end.

## Required:

Record all entries and adjustments based on the information above.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ou5Aqzo7qfo

## 5-2B -Notes receivable

Jones Company has the following transactions involving notes receivable:
May 31 Loaned \$6,000 to Y. Yang. She signed a 5\% note.
June $15 \quad$ Yang repaid her loan.
August 1 Loaned \$3,000 to A. Fergus. He signed a one-year 6\% note.
November 15 Completed maintenance work for Redflag Construction. The company could not pay and signed a one-year $8 \%$ note for $\$ 10,000$.
January 31 Accrued interest on all outstanding notes payable at year-end. Interest is rounded to the nearest $1 / 2$ month.

## Required:

Record all entries and adjustments based on the information above.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZjQ-8xR0oYA

## 5-3A -Percentage of Sales Method

Salazar Inc. shows the following information on May 31, 2024, the company's fiscal year-end:

| Account | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accounts receivable | $\$ 235,000$ |  |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | 2,000 |  |
| Sales $(\$ 448,000$ cash sales) |  | $\$ 1,850,000$ |

The company's accountant estimates bad debts to be $2 \%$ of credit sales.

## Required:

a.) Prepare the adjustment to allowance for doubtful accounts based on the information above.
b.) Show how accounts receivable, net would be disclosed on the balance sheet.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a6jRHjXz4sE

## 5-3B -Percentage of Sales Method

Nethery Co. shows the following account balances on October 31, 2024, its fiscal year-end.

| Account | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accounts receivable | $\$ 41,000$ |  |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts |  | $\$ 300$ |
| Sales $\mathbf{( \$ 6 0 , 0 0 0}$ cash sales) |  | 430,000 |

The company's accountant estimates bad debts to be $3.5 \%$ of credit sales.

## Required:

a.) Prepare the adjustment to allowance for doubtful accounts based on the information above.
b.) Show how accounts receivable, net would be disclosed on the balance sheet.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GR1LGq1gL0g

## 5-4A - Aging of Receivables Method

Stormer Company shows the following information on July 31, 2024, the company's fiscal yearend:

| Account | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accounts receivable | $\$ 5,000$ |  |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | 500 |  |
| Sales $\mathbf{( \$ 5 , 0 0 0}$ cash sales) |  | $\$ 75,000$ |

The company's accountant generated the following aging schedule of accounts receivable:

| Number of Days <br> Outstanding | Amount <br> Receivable | Estimated <br> Uncollectible |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{0 - 3 0}$ days | $\$ 3,000$ | $1 \%$ |
| 31-60 days | 1,000 | $5 \%$ |
| 61-90 days | 600 | $10 \%$ |
| Over 90 days | 400 | $40 \%$ |

## Required:

a.) Prepare the adjustment to allowance for doubtful accounts based on the information above.
b.) Show how accounts receivable, net would be disclosed on the balance sheet.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pGIbolUr-SA

## 5-4B - Aging of Receivables Method

Kilt Company shows the following information on January 31, 2024, the company's fiscal yearend:

| Account | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accounts receivable | $\$ 68,000$ |  |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts |  | $\$ 1,000$ |
| Sales $\mathbf{( \$ 5 5 , 0 0 0}$ cash sales) | $\$ 981,000$ |  |

The company's accountant generated the following aging schedule of accounts receivable:

| Number of Days <br> Outstanding | Amount <br> Receivable | Estimated <br> Uncollectible |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{0 - 3 0}$ days | $\$ 42,000$ | $1 \%$ |
| 31-60 days | 15,000 | $4 \%$ |
| 61-90 days | 6,000 | $8 \%$ |
| Over 90 days | 5,000 | $25 \%$ |

## Required:

a.) Prepare the adjustment to allowance for doubtful accounts based on the information above.
b.) Show how accounts receivable, net would be disclosed on the balance sheet.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HrJ EnSkxPM

## 5-5A - Writing off bad debts

On August 11, 2024, Aamco Carpet Cleaners wants to write off a $\$ 4,000$ account receivable from a customer: Good Sleep Hotels.

## Required

Record the journal entry to write off this receivable.

Free Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_a4CbexaOLk

## 5-5B - Writing off bad debts

On July 21, 2024, ABC Company wishes to write off a $\$ 200$ receivable from XYZ Company.

## Required

Record the journal entry to write off this receivable.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vicgkP-4N3Q

## 5-6A - Recording receivables transactions

On November 1, 2024, Recchi Company showed the following account balances:

| Account | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accounts receivable | $\$ 35,000$ |  |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts |  | $\$ 2,000$ |

During the next fiscal year, the following events occurred:
a.) Consulting revenues for the year were $\$ 425,000.95 \%$ were on account, $5 \%$ were cash sales.
b.) Collections for the year were $\$ 375,000$.
c.) $\$ 5,000$ was added to the total accounts receivable due to interest on overdue accounts.
d.) Writeoffs of uncollectible accounts totaled $\$ 3,500$.
e.) One of the accounts written off in part d.) was collected: $\$ 750$.
f.) On October 31, 2025 (the company's fiscal-year end), using the aging-of-receivables method, the allowance for doubtful accounts was estimated to be $\$ 3,500$.

## Required:

a.) Record journal entries based on the summary events above.
b.) Show how net receivables will be presented on the October 31, 2025 balance sheet.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c2L0fc_8P0c

## 5-6B - Recording receivables transactions

On January 1, 2024, Brown Company showed the following account balances:

| Account | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accounts receivable | $\$ 634,000$ |  |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts |  | $\$ 28,000$ |

During the next fiscal year, the following events occurred:
a.) Repair revenues for the year were $\$ 5,850,000.75 \%$ were on account, $25 \%$ were cash sales.
b.) Collections for the year were $\$ 4,705,000$.
c.) $\$ 35,000$ was added to the total accounts receivable due to interest on overdue accounts.
d.) Writeoffs of uncollectible accounts totaled $\$ 27,000$.
e.) One of the accounts written off in part d.) was collected: $\$ 2,250$.
f.) On December 31, 2024 (the company's fiscal-year end), using the aging-ofreceivables method, the allowance for doubtful accounts was estimated to be $\$ 33,000$.

## Required:

a.) Record journal entries based on the summary events above.
b.) Show how net receivables will be presented on the December 31, 2024 balance sheet.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PwkTNnDtHqk

# Module 6: Inventory Purchases, Sales, Returns and Discounts 

Module Introduction Video:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7j2TMrOerrg

## 6-1A -Inventory Purchases and Returns

The following transactions occurred for Bellco:
May 7 Purchased $\$ 1,000$ of inventory on account. Terms 2/10, n/30.
May 10 Some of the goods were damaged. Received a credit memo of \$250.
May $14 \quad$ Paid the bill.
Bellco uses a perpetual inventory system.

## Required:

Prepare journal entries based on the transactions above.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5ISS3HGXvxA

## 6-1B -Inventory Purchases and Returns

The following transactions occurred for Chang Inc:
August 28 Purchased $\$ 5,000$ of inventory on account. Terms 3/15, n/30.
September 3 Returned $\$ 400$ of merchandise (not satisfied with the quality).
September 10 Paid the bill.
Chang Inc. uses a perpetual inventory system.

## Required:

Prepare journal entries based on the transactions above.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CbmVV0WjLeM

## 6-2A -Inventory Sales and Returns

The following transactions occurred for Smithco - a plumbing retailer:
January $6 \quad$ Sold $\$ 3,000$ of inventory on account. The inventory cost $\$ 1,200$. Terms 2/10, n/30.
January 11 Inventory was returned (it was not broken or damaged, just the wrong item.) A $\$ 100$ credit was applied to the customer's account. The returned inventory had a cost of $\$ 40$.
January 15 Received payment for the amount owing.
Smithco uses a perpetual inventory system.

## Required:

Prepare journal entries based on the transactions above.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HyZEqPk95HM

## 6-2B -Inventory Sales and Returns

The following transactions occurred for Bob Company:
July 14 Sold $\$ 1,000$ of inventory on account. The inventory cost $\$ 700$. Terms $3 / 10, \mathrm{n} / 30$. July 19 Inventory was returned broken. The inventory could not be repaired, and the customer did not want a replacement. The inventory was discarded. A credit of $\$ 200$ was applied to their account. The original cost of the inventory was $\$ 120$.
July 21 Received payment for the amount owing.
Bob Company uses a perpetual inventory system.

## Required:

Prepare journal entries based on the transactions above.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= vZ8 xjrwAE

## 6-3A -Inventory Purchases, Sales, Returns and More!

The following transactions occurred for Romney Inc.:
February 1 Purchased inventory on account: $\$ 3,400$. Terms: 2/10, n/30.
February 2 Paid freight on inventory of $\$ 200$. (Paid cash).
February 5 Returned $\$ 400$ of inventory from the February 1 purchase.
February 9 Paid for the inventory purchase of February 1.
February 11 Sold inventory for $\$ 3,500$ on account. The inventory cost $\$ 1,600$. Terms $2 / 10$, n/30.
February 14 Purchased inventory on account: $\$ 2,500$. Terms: $1 / 15, \mathrm{n} / 30$.
February 19 Sold inventory for $\$ 1,500$ on account. The cost of inventory was $\$ 600$. Terms $2 / 10, n / 30$.
February 21 Paid for inventory purchase from February 14.
February 24 Customer from February 11 transaction paid the amount owing.
February 25 Customer from the February 19 transaction returns $\$ 100$ of inventory (cost: \$40). The inventory was in good condition and put back on the shelf for resale.
February 28 Customer from the February 19 sale pays the amount owing.
Romney Inc. uses a perpetual inventory system.

## Required:

Prepare journal entries based on the transactions above.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UUu4YLH-Bn4

## 6-3B -Inventory Purchases, Sales, Returns and More!

The following transactions occurred for Perry Inc.:
March 1 Sold inventory on account for $\$ 1,500$. The inventory cost $\$ 800$. Terms 2/10, n/30.
March 3 Purchased inventory on account: $\$ 2,800$. Terms: 2/10, n/30.
March 5 Inventory was returned from the March 1 sale. The inventory was badly damaged and was thrown out. A credit of $\$ 200$ was given. The inventory had an original cost of \$110.
March $9 \quad$ Received payment for the inventory sold on March 1.
March 16 Purchased inventory on account: \$500. Terms: $1 / 5, \mathrm{n} / 15$.
March $18 \quad$ Paid freight on March 16 inventory purchase: $\$ 50$.
March 22 Sold inventory for $\$ 3,000$ on account. The cost of inventory was $\$ 1,100$. Terms 2/10, n/30.
March $24 \quad$ Paid for inventory purchase from March 16.
March 31 Customer from the March 22 sale paid the amount owing.
Perry Inc. uses a perpetual inventory system.

## Required:

Prepare journal entries based on the transactions above.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=yDf81x3sv-Y

## 6-4A - Preparing a Merchandiser's Financial Statements

Below is the adjusted trial balance of Julie's Plumbing Supplies:

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Debit | Credit |
| Cash | \$24,000 |  |
| Accounts receivable | 18,000 |  |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts |  | \$3,000 |
| Inventory | 54,000 |  |
| Prepaid insurance | 6,000 |  |
| Equipment | 125,000 |  |
| Accumulated depreciation - equipment |  | 20,000 |
| Accounts payable |  | 15,000 |
| Wages payable |  | 7,000 |
| Unearned revenues |  | 5,000 |
| Bank loan payable |  | 84,000 |
| Common shares |  | 1,000 |
| Retained earnings |  | 41,000 |
| Dividends | 6,000 |  |
| Sales revenues |  | 365,000 |
| Sales returns and allowances | 25,000 |  |
| Cost of goods sold | 150,000 |  |
| Wages expense | 55,000 |  |
| Bad debt expense | 5,000 |  |
| Advertising expense | 12,000 |  |
| Utilities expense | 2,000 |  |
| Depreciation expense | 6,000 |  |
| Rent expense | 15,000 |  |
| Insurance expense | 10,000 |  |
| Interest expense | 7,000 |  |
| Income tax expense | $\underline{21,000}$ |  |
| Total | \$541,000 | \$541,000 |

## Required:

a.) In good form, prepare an income statement for the year ended March 31, 2024.

> i. Compute the Gross Profit Percentage
b.) Assuming no shares were issued or repurchased, prepare a statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2024.
c.) Prepare a balance sheet dated March 31, 2024.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

| 6-4A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J3_IwjW_C_0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6-4A (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{UZWW}} \mathrm{vasqKBEY}$ |
| 6-4A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{Fr}-$ KZITFjKQ |

## 6-4B - Preparing a Merchandiser's Financial Statements

Below is the adjusted trial balance of Fred's Fishing Gear:

| Fred's Fishing Gear <br> Trial Balance <br> August 31, 2024 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Debit | Credit |
| Cash | \$85,000 |  |
| Accounts receivable | 128,000 |  |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts |  | \$14,000 |
| Inventory | 436,000 |  |
| Prepaid rent | 12,000 |  |
| Office equipment | 260,000 |  |
| Accumulated depreciation - equipment |  | 45,000 |
| Accounts payable |  | 35,000 |
| Salaries payable |  | 12,000 |
| Unearned revenues |  | 53,000 |
| Long-term note payable |  | 185,000 |
| Common shares |  | 5,000 |
| Retained earnings |  | 431,000 |
| Dividends | 12,000 |  |
| Sales revenues |  | 853,000 |
| Sales returns and allowances | 20,000 |  |
| Cost of goods sold | 360,000 |  |
| Salaries expense | 125,000 |  |
| Bad debt expense | 25,000 |  |
| Marketing expense | 35,000 |  |
| Utilities expense | 12,000 |  |
| Depreciation expense | 15,000 |  |
| Rent expense | 28,000 |  |
| Repairs expense | 11,000 |  |
| Interest expense | 18,000 |  |
| Income tax expense | 51,000 |  |
| Total | \$1,633,000 | \$1,633,000 |

## Required:

a.) In good form, prepare an income statement for the year ended August 31, 2024.
i. Compute the Gross Profit Percentage
b.) Assuming no shares were issued or repurchased, prepare a statement of changes in equity for the year ended August 31, 2024.
c.) Prepare a balance sheet dated August 31, 2024.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

| 6-4B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jj5LMDJqP5E |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6-4B (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rJ3cIY58zmk }}$ |
| 6-4B (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kdtMFWqsCiI }}$ |

# Module 7: Cost of Inventory (FIFO, LIFO, Weighted Average, and Specific Identification) 

Module Introduction Video:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=askuTuuSfBs

Template Used in this Chapter's Problems:
http://www.accountingworkbook.com/uploads/4/9/8/9/49896931/accounting_workbook inv entory template.xlsx

## 7-1A - FIFO, LIFO and Weighted Average Inventory Records

Lakeshore Ltd. uses a perpetual inventory system and reports the following transactions for the month of January:

| Date | Explanation | Units | Cost/Price |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: |
| January 1 | Beginning inventory | 200 | $\$ 25.00$ |
| January 5 | Purchase | 50 | 24.00 |
| January 8 | Purchase | 110 | 23.00 |
| January 15 | Sale | 260 | 50.00 |
| January 21 | Purchase | 150 | 20.00 |
| January 30 | Sale | 175 | 50.00 |

## Required:

a.) Prepare inventory records using:
i. The FIFO method
ii. The LIFO method
iii. The weighted average method
b.) Under each of the methods you prepared in part a.) above, compute Sales, Cost of Goods Sold and Gross Profit.

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!At1yy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

Members Video Walkthrough:

| $7-1 \mathrm{~A}$ (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AAmc5wA310M }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 7-1A (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eagxMEdxLGk }}$ |
| 7-1A (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{jFAUOfEKH} \mathrm{k}}$ |

## 7-1B - FIFO, LIFO and Weighted Average Inventory Records

Riverside Inc. uses a perpetual inventory system and reports the following transactions for the month of July:

| Date | Explanation | Units | Cost/Price |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: |
| July 1 | Beginning inventory | 12 | $\$ 100.00$ |
| July 4 | Purchase | 8 | 103.00 |
| July 9 | Purchase | 5 | 104.00 |
| July 17 | Sale | 23 | 400.00 |
| July 21 | Purchase | 6 | 107.00 |
| July 31 | Sale | 7 | 400.00 |

## Required:

a.) Prepare inventory records using:
i. The FIFO method
ii. The LIFO method
iii. The weighted average method
b.) Under each of the methods you prepared in part a.) above, compute Sales, Cost of Goods Sold and Gross Profit.

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!At1yy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

Members Video Walkthrough:

| 7-1B (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jWOB ThQsoQ }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 7-1B (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NrpneHaln6g }}$ |
| 7-1B (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{px} 988467 \mathrm{Rc}}$ |

## 7-2A - FIFO, LIFO and Weighted Average Inventory Records and Entries

Aberdeen Auto Mart uses a perpetual inventory system and reports the following transactions for the month of May for one of its products:

| Date | Explanation | Units | Cost/Price <br> May 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: |
| May 5 | Purchase | 20 | $\$ 3.00$ |
| May 13 | Sale | 5 | 3.25 |
| May 20 | Purchase | 22 | 10.00 |
| May 24 | Purchase | 7 | 3.55 |
| May 31 | Sale | 5 | 3.70 |

## Required:

a.) Prepare inventory records using:
i. The FIFO method
ii. The LIFO method
iii. The weighted average method
b.) Under each of the methods you prepared in part a.) above, compute Sales, Cost of Goods Sold and Gross Profit.
c.) Prepare journal entries for May 24 and May 31 under all methods.

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!Atlyy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

Free Video Walkthrough:

| 7-2A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PEJKcrZmM8U |
| :--- | :--- |
| 7-2A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=npSHBeWfwRY |
| 7-2A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DwCkC6kFLr4 |

## 7-2B - FIFO, LIFO and Weighted Average Inventory Records and Entries

Northhills Super Save uses a perpetual inventory system and reports the following transactions for the month of December for one of its products:

| Date | Explanation | Units | Cost/Price |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: |
| December 1 | Beginning inventory | 6 | $\$ 40.00$ |
| December 6 | Purchase | 4 | 42.00 |
| December 11 | Sale | 7 | 100.00 |
| December 24 | Purchase | 12 | 43.40 |
| December 26 | Purchase | 5 | 44.00 |
| December 31 | Sale | 10 | 100.00 |

## Required:

a.) Prepare inventory records using:
i. The FIFO method
ii. The LIFO method
iii. The weighted average method
b.) Under each of the methods you prepared in part a.) above, compute Sales, Cost of Goods Sold and Gross Profit.
c.) Prepare journal entries for December 26 and December 31 under all methods.

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!At1yy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

Members Video Walkthrough:

| 7-2B (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wh6vddhFTag }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 7-2B (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H iAYNasMgE }}$ |
| 7-2B (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UCjaYgXJ1sk |

## 7-3A - Lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value

On May 3, 2024, Smith Computing (a computer retailer) purchases a tablet computer for $\$ 300$, and immediately puts the tablet on sale for $\$ 449$. The tablet received poor reviews in the press, and it does not sell. On July 1, Smith Computing discounts the tablet to $\$ 399$. It still doesn't sell. On August 15, the tablet gets further discounted to $\$ 349$, but doesn't sell. On December 26 (Boxing Day) the tablet gets discounted to $\$ 269$. The tablet sells on January 8, 2025 for its discounted price of $\$ 269$.

The company's fiscal year end is December 31.

## Required

Explain the lower of cost and net realizable value rule and record any necessary year-end adjusting entries.

Members Video Walkthrough:<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k09C-k73dEw

## 7-3B - Lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value

On June 1, 2024, Bill's Ski World buys a new pair of Cambria Carbon Pro skis for $\$ 600$ and puts them on sale for $\$ 999$. The skis do not sell, and see price reductions as follows:
August 18 - \$900
September 30-\$750
November 15-\$700
December 26-\$550

The company's fiscal year end is December 31.
The skis finally sell on April 6, 2025 for $\$ 550$.

## Required

Record all entries required for the life of the skis.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qPosANga-nc

## 7-4A - Inventory Ratios

The following information relates to Orange Computer (in millions of dollars):

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cost of goods sold | $\$ 112,000$ | $\$ 105,000$ | $\$ 90,000$ |
| Inventory | 2,000 | 1,800 | 800 |

## Required:

a.) Compute inventory turnover for 2027 and 2028
b.) Compute days sales in inventory for 2027 and 2028
c.) Comment on the results from parts a.) and b.)

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UrAYrX4uJ9I

## 7-4B - Inventory Ratios

The following information relates to Home DIY Stores (in millions of dollars):

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 6}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of goods sold | $\$ 54,000$ | $\$ 51,000$ | $\$ 49,000$ |
| Inventory | 11,000 | 11,100 | 11,700 |

## Required:

a.) Compute inventory turnover for 2027 and 2028
b.) Compute days sales in inventory for 2027 and 2028
c.) Comment on the results from parts a.) and b.)

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hMxK8_P0cnU

# Module 8: Property, Plant and Equipment 

## Module Introduction Video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxNDH6rblyA

## 8-1A - Asset Cost

Frugal Bakery purchased a large oven on October 31, 2024. Costs related to the acquisition included the following:
a.) purchase price of the oven: $\$ 32,000$;
b.) the cost of delivery: $\$ 2,000$;
c.) insurance on the delivery: $\$ 200$;
d.) insurance on the oven for the year: $\$ 750$;
e.) staff safety training to use the oven properly: $\$ 1,000$
f.) installation: $\$ 1,500$;
g.) damage to the walls during installation that required repair: $\$ 400$

The company paid cash for the oven and all of the related costs.

## Required:

The credit for each of the items above should be cash. In each case identify the account to be debited

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4mZ0vxmtWOs

## 8-1B - Asset Cost

Island Glass makes specialty doors and windows. On July 17, 2024, the company purchased a new piece of equipment with the following costs:
a.) purchase price of the equipment: $\$ 2,500$;
b.) delivery: $\$ 500$;
c.) sales tax (refundable) $\$ 300$;
d.) insurance on delivery: $\$ 50$;
e.) installation: $\$ 300$;
f.) repair of machine damaged during installation: $\$ 1,000$;
g.) employee training: $\$ 800$.

The company paid cash for the equipment and all of the related costs.

## Required:

The credit for each of the items above should be cash. In each case identify the account to be debited

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=i42hwTRuitk

## 8-2A - Depreciation - Partial Year, All Methods

On March 31, 2024, Kemp Co. purchased a new vehicle for $\$ 25,000$. The vehicle had an expected useful life of five years, and an expected residual value of $\$ 5,000$. The company expected that in those five years, the vehicle would be driven for 100,000 kilometers based on the following schedule:
$2024-10,000$ kilometers
2025 - 20,000 kilometers
2026-25,000 kilometers
2027 - 22,000 kilometers
2028-18,000 kilometers
2029-5,000 kilometers

## Required:

Assuming a December 31 fiscal year-end, prepare a depreciation schedule for the life of the asset using:
a.) Straight-line depreciation
b.) Units-of-production depreciation
c.) Double-declining-balance depreciation

## Free Video Walkthrough:

| $8-2 \mathrm{~A}$ (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1JIJMnMoMMQ }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8-2A (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OmUyb6DjyQE }}$ |
| 8-2A (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=4 \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{j} 3 \mathrm{G} 60 \mathrm{oQ}}$ |

## 8-2B - Depreciation - Partial Year, All Methods

On July 1, 2024, Payton Inc. purchased a new piece of equipment for $\$ 500,000$. The equipment had an expected useful life of four years, and an expected residual value of $\$ 100,000$. The company expected that in those four years, the machine would produce 40,000 units based on the following schedule:
$2024-3,000$ units
$2025-11,000$ units
2026 - 12,000 units
2027 - 10,000 units
2028 - 4,000 units

## Required:

Assuming a December 31 fiscal year-end, prepare a depreciation schedule for the life of the asset using:
a.) Straight-line depreciation
b.) Units-of-production depreciation
c.) Double-declining-balance depreciation

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oq4ohPDdgTk

## 8-3A - Disposing of Depreciable Assets at a Gain or Loss

Bill's Towing purchased a new tow truck on April 1, 2024 for $\$ 110,000$ cash. The company expects to keep the tow truck for 10 years, after which time it plans to sell the truck for $\$ 10,000$. The company's accountant wishes to use straight-line depreciation. Bill's Towing has a fiscal year end of December 31. On October 1, 2025, Bill sells the truck for $\$ 106,000$ cash.

## Required:

a.) Record all relevant entries for the truck.
b.) Assume that instead of $\$ 106,000$, Bill had received $\$ 75,000$ for the truck - re-record the sale journal entry given this new sale price.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BNHkCr0Fjf8

## 8-3B - Disposing of Depreciable Assets at a Gain or Loss

Gaby's Family Restaurant purchases a new stove on July 1, 2024. The company pays $\$ 8,000$ cash. Gaby expects the stove to be useful for 5 years after which time she expects to sell it for $\$ 2,000$. The company has a December 31 fiscal-year end and would like to use straight-line depreciation. On October 31, 2025, Gaby sells the stove for $\$ 7,600$ cash.

Required:
a.) Record all relevant journal entries for the life of the stove.
b.) Assume that instead of $\$ 7,600$, Gaby sold the stove for $\$ 3,000$. Re-record the sale journal entry given this new sale price.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b89pM2pfmoc

## 8-4A - Disposing of Depreciable Assets at a Gain or Loss - various depreciation methods

On July 1, 2024, Table Co. purchased a new piece of equipment for $\$ 150,000$. The equipment had an expected useful life of five years, and an expected residual value of $\$ 30,000$. The company expected that in those five years, the machine would operate for 2,000 hours.

The company has a fiscal year end of December 31.
On September 30, 2026, the company sells the equipment for $\$ 100,000$.
The machine actually operated for the following hours:
2024-200 hours
2025 - 500 hours
2026-400 hours

## Required:

Fill in the following table:

| 2024 Depreciation exp |  |  | Units of Production |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Double D. Balance |  |  |  |
| 2025 Depreciation exp |  |  |  |
| 2026 Depreciation exp |  |  |  |
| Accumulated Dep'n <br> on Date of Sale |  |  |  |
| Gain/Loss on Sale |  |  |  |

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Yc4tNeOhRWo

## 8-4B - Disposing of Depreciable Assets at a Gain or Loss - various depreciation methods

On April 1, 2024, Stool Co. purchased a new vehicle for $\$ 45,000$. The vehicle had an expected useful life of six years, and an expected residual value of $\$ 9,000$. The company expected that in those six years, the vehicle would be driven for 150,000 kilometers.

The company has a fiscal year end of December 31.
On July 1, 2026, the company sells the vehicle for $\$ 28,000$.
The vehicle was actually driven for the following kilometers each year:
2024 - 10,000 kilometers
2025 - 20,000 kilometers
2026-15,000 kilometers
Required:
Fill in the following table:

| Straight Line |  | Units of Production | Double D. Balance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2025 Depreciation exp |  |  |  |
| 2026 Depreciation exp |  |  |  |
| Accumulated Dep'n <br> on Date of sale |  |  |  |
| Gain/Loss on Sale |  |  |  |

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G68rJYLEfLg

# Module 9: Liabilities 

Module Introduction Video:<br>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d3t3T22PLHU

## Template Used this Chapter:

http://www.accountingworkbook.com/uploads/4/9/8/9/49896931/bond_table.xlsx

## 9-1A - Short-Term Note Payable

On September 1, 2024, Taylor Inc. borrowed \$30,000 and signed a note promising to pay back the principal plus $6 \%$ (annual) interest after nine months. The company's fiscal-year end is January 31.

## Required:

Assuming the company makes the repayment as agreed, record all journal entries and adjustments required for the note.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ESPTJu-MHFA

## 9-1B - Short-Term Note Payable

On May 31, 2024, Anderson Co. borrowed $\$ 100,000$ and signed a note promising to pay back the principal plus $2.4 \%$ (annual) interest after eight months. The company's fiscal-year end is November 30.

## Required:

Assuming the company makes the repayment as agreed, record all journal entries and adjustments required for the note.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

[^2]
## 9-2A - Warranties

Long Corporation sells computer systems for $\$ 2,000$ each. During 2024 the company sells 200 systems to customers. The company provides a 1-year manufacturer's warranty. The company has estimated that it will experience warranty claims of approximately $\$ 100$ per unit.

## Required:

a.) Record the year-end adjustment for warranties needed on December 31, 2024.
b.) On January 15, 2025 a warranty claim comes in costing the company $\$ 500$ cash. Record the adjustment required for this situation.
c.) What is a contingent liability? Does a warranty fit this definition?

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ka0nTrKoNPg

## 9-2B - Warranties

Short Corporation sells air conditioning units for $\$ 1,000$ each. During 2024 the company sells 100 systems to customers. The company provides a 1-year manufacturer's warranty. The company has estimated that it will experience warranty claims of approximately $\$ 100$ per unit.

## Required:

a.) Record the year-end adjustment for warranties needed on December 31, 2024.
b.) On January 25, 2025 a warranty claim comes in costing the company $\$ 200$ cash. Record the adjustment required for this situation.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=15dbZL0iRIE

## 9-3A - Bond Issued at a Discount

On February 1, 2024, Tinger Inc. issues a $\$ 100,00010$-year 5\% bond. The market rate of interest is $6 \%$. Because the market rate is higher than the bond rate, the bonds issue at a discount. The bond quote is: 92.561 . The bonds pay interest semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. The company's fiscal-year end is September 30.

## Required

a.) Prepare a bond amortization schedule for the issuance and the first two interest periods.
b.) Record the journal entry required on:
i. The issuance of the bond. (February 1, 2024)
ii. The first interest payment. (August 1, 2024)
iii. The company's fiscal year-end. (September 30, 2024)
iv. The second interest payment. (February 1, 2025)

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!Atlyy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C95HYRVigbM

## 9-3B - Bond Issued at a Discount

On November 1, 2024, Terry Co. issues a $\$ 1,000,0005$-year $3 \%$ bond. The market rate of interest is $5 \%$. Because the market rate is higher than the bond rate, the bonds issue at a discount. The bond quote is: 91.248 . The bonds pay interest semi-annually on May 1 and November 1. The company's fiscal-year end is May 31.

## Required

a.) Prepare a bond amortization schedule for the issuance and the first two interest periods.
b.) Record the journal entry required on:
i. The issuance of the bond. (November 1, 2024)
ii. The first interest payment. (May 1, 2025)
iii. The company's fiscal year-end. (May 31, 2025)
iv. The second interest payment. (November 1, 2025)

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!Atlyy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

## 9-4A - Bond Issued at a Premium

On April 30, 2024, Smokey Inc. issues a \$10,000,000 10-year 7\% bond. The market rate of interest is $6 \%$. Because the market rate is lower than the bond rate, the bonds issue at a premium. The bond quote is: 107.439. The bonds pay interest semi-annually on October 31 and April 30. The company's fiscal-year end is December 31.

## Required

a.) Prepare a bond amortization schedule for the issuance and the first two interest periods.
b.) Record the journal entry required on:
i. The issuance of the bond. (April 30, 2024)
ii. The first interest payment. (October 31, 2024)
iii. The company's fiscal year-end. (December 31, 2024)
iv. The second interest payment. (April 30, 2025)

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!Atlyy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pHnioOyLocQ

## 9-4B - Bond Issued at a Premium

On January 31, 2024, Bandit Inc. issues a $\$ 100,00010$-year 5\% bond. The market rate of interest is $4.5 \%$. Because the market rate is lower than the bond rate, the bonds issue at a premium. The bond quote is: 103.991. The bonds pay interest semi-annually on January 31 and July 31. The company's fiscal-year end is December 31.

## Required

a.) Prepare a bond amortization schedule for the issuance and the first two interest periods.
b.) Record the journal entry required on:
i. The issuance of the bond. (January 31, 2024)
ii. The first interest payment. (July 31, 2024)
iii. The company's fiscal year-end. (December 31, 2024)
iv. The second interest payment. (July 31, 2025)

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!Atlyy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9
Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H2f1GgUhK o

## 9-5A - Computing Bond Issue Price

On November 30, 2024, Jones Inc. issues a \$5,000,000 20-year 7\% bond. The market rate of interest is $6 \%$.

## Required

a.) Compute the issue price of the bond.
b.) Compute the bond quote.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ELf8n1yVLO4

## 9-5B - Computing Bond Issue Price

On July 31, 2024, Birthday Store Co. issues a \$1,000,000 10-year 5\% bond. The market rate of interest is $5.5 \%$.

## Required

a.) Compute the issue price of the bond.
b.) Compute the bond quote.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xvO7Qw5cNow

# Module 10: Equity 

## Module Introduction Video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HKB7kX09hKg

## 10-1A - Equity transactions, Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

The December 31, 2023 shareholders' equity section of Bossman Inc.'s balance sheet is shown below:

| Preferred shares, $\$ 10$ non-cumulative, 500 issued | $\$ 50,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Common shares, 20,000 issued | 200,000 |
| Retained earnings | $\underline{750,000}$ |
| Total shareholders' equity | $\underline{1,000,000}$ |

The following equity transactions occurred during 2024:
Jan 31 Issued 5,000 common shares for $\$ 12$ each.
May 14 Issued 100 preferred shares in exchange for equipment with a fair value of \$90,000.
July 1 Declared the regular cash dividend on preferred shares.
July $15 \quad$ Paid the regular cash dividend on preferred shares.
August 7 Declared and issued a $20 \%$ stock dividend on common shares at a time when the market price was $\$ 13$ per share.

## Required:

a.) Journalize the transactions above.
b.) Assuming net income for the year was $\$ 125,000$, prepare the statement of changes of shareholders' equity for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqnpJG6Q8BA

## 10-1B - Equity transactions, Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

The December 31, 2023 shareholders' equity section of Kamala Co.'s balance sheet is shown below:

| Preferred shares, $\$ 2$ cumulative, 1,000 issued | $\$ 25,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Common shares, 10,000 issued | 150,000 |
| Retained earnings | $\underline{200,000}$ |
| Total shareholders' equity | $\$ 375,000$ |

The following equity transactions occurred during 2024:
Jan 15 Issued 1,000 common shares for a piece of land with a fair value of $\$ 16,000$.
Mar 21 Issued 100 preferred shares for $\$ 3000$ cash.
August 1 Declared the regular cash dividend on preferred shares.
August 10 Paid the regular cash dividend on preferred shares.
November 8 Declared and issued a $10 \%$ stock dividend on common shares at a time when the market price was $\$ 18$ per share.

## Required:

a.) Journalize the transactions above.
b.) Assuming net income for the year was $\$ 50,000$, prepare the statement of changes of shareholders' equity for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LzM2Uwq_pog

## 10-2A - Equity section analysis

The December 31, 2024 shareholders' equity section of Hart Inc.'s balance sheet is shown below:

| Preferred shares, $\$ 6$ non-cumulative, 1,500 issued | $\$ 75,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Common shares, $1,000,000$ authorized, 40,000 issued | 80,000 |
| Retained earnings | $\underline{120,000}$ |
| Total shareholders' equity | $\underline{\$ 275,000}$ |

## Required:

a.) How much were the preferred shares issued for?
b.) How much were the common shares issued for?
c.) What does authorized mean as it relates to common shares?
d.) What does the term "non-cumulative" mean in relation to preferred shares?
e.) What amount must the preferred shareholders receive before common shareholders can be paid a dividend?
f.) Assume the company declared and paid the preferred dividend and also paid a dividend of $\$ 2$ per common share. Journalize the transaction.

Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M0agCcJSO 4

## 10-2B - Equity section analysis

The December 31, 2024 shareholders' equity section of Hart Inc.'s balance sheet is shown below:

| Preferred shares, $\$ 2$ cumulative, 2,500 issued | $\$ 250,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Common shares, $10,000,000$ authorized, 10,000 issued | 500,000 |
| Retained earnings | $\underline{300,000}$ |
| Total shareholders' equity | $\underline{\$ 1,050,000}$ |

## Required:

a.) How much were the preferred shares issued for?
b.) How much were the common shares issued for?
c.) What does authorized mean as it relates to common shares?
d.) What does the term "cumulative" mean in relation to preferred shares?
e.) What amount must the preferred shareholders receive before common shareholders can be paid a dividend?
f.) Assume the company has not paid any dividends in 2023 or 2024. On January 15, 2025 the company wishes to pay common shareholders a dividend of $\$ 1$ per share. How much must they pay preferred shareholders at that time? Record the journal entry for both the preferred and common dividends.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uWRSuw8AakY

# Module 11: Statement of Cash Flows 

## Module Introduction Video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=53LCVxDEqwe

## Template Used in Problem:

https://www.accountingworkbook.com/uploads/4/9/8/9/49896931/cash_flow_template_new. xlsx

## 11-1A - Basic Cash Flow Statement

The financial statements of Bait and Tackle are presented below:

| Bait and Tackle <br> Balance Sheet <br> As at December 31 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash | $\$ 39,000$ | $\$ 24,000$ |
| Accounts receivable | 64,000 | 50,000 |
| Inventory | 58,000 | 88,000 |
| Equipment | 325,000 | 250,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | $\underline{(92,000)}$ | $\underline{(125,000)}$ |
| Total assets | $\underline{\$ 394,000}$ | $\underline{\$ 287,000}$ |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | $\$ 32,000$ |
| 10,000 | $\$ 40,000$ |  |
| Accounts payable | 20,000 | 11,000 |
| Income taxes payable | 60,000 | 0 |
| Bank loan payable | $\underline{272,000}$ | 50,000 |
| Common shares | $\underline{\$ 394,000}$ | $\underline{186,000}$ |
| Retained earnings |  |  |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity |  |  |


| Bait and TackleIncome StatementFor the Year Ended December 31, 2024 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sales | \$635,000 |
| Cost of goods sold | 320,000 |
| Gross profit | 315,000 |
| Operating expenses | 135,000 |
| Operating income | 180,000 |
| Interest expense | 1,000 |
| Income before taxes | 179,000 |
| Income taxes | 43,000 |
| Net income | \$136,000 |

Additional information:
1.) Operating expenses are composed of: Depreciation $\$ 12,000$; Salaries $\$ 50,000$; Loss on Sale of Equipment $\$ 9,000$; other operating expenses $\$ 64,000$.
2.) Other operating expenses are cash expenses.
3.) Equipment was purchased during the year for $\$ 135,000$ cash.
4.) Equipment was sold for cash during the year. The original cost of the equipment was $\$ 60,000$, and the accumulated depreciation was $\$ 45,000$.
5.) Dividends were declared and paid during the year.

## Required:

Prepare a cash flow statement using the direct method or indirect method or both (depending on what your instructor assigns).

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!Atlyy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9
Free Video Walkthrough:

| $11-1 \mathrm{~A}$ (Part 1) | $\underline{\underline{\text { https: }}: / / \text { www.youtube.com/watch?v=ikMso8YBIAE }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11-1A (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\text { jB10jXqok }}$ |
| 11-1A (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{W} 6 Z 3 Y b Y N r Y 4}$ |

## 11-1B - Basic Cash Flow Statement

The financial statements of Safety First are presented below:

| Safety First <br> Balance Sheet <br> As at December 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash | \$2,600 | \$500 |
| Accounts receivable | 500 | 800 |
| Inventory | 2,500 | 2,300 |
| Equipment | 21,000 | 17,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | $(3,800)$ | $(3,000)$ |
| Total assets | \$22,800 | \$17,600 |
| Accounts payable | \$200 | \$600 |
| Income taxes payable | 400 | 300 |
| Bank loan payable | 2,000 | 0 |
| Common shares | 200 | 100 |
| Retained earnings | $\underline{20,000}$ | 16,600 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$22,800 | \$17,600 |


| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Safety First } \\ \text { Income Statement }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 |$]$

Additional information:
1.) Operating expenses are composed of: Depreciation $\$ 1,800$; Salaries $\$ 12,000$; Loss on Sale of Equipment $\$ 400$; other operating expenses $\$ 800$.
2.) Other operating expenses are cash expenses.
3.) Equipment was purchased during the year for $\$ 7,000$ cash.
4.) Equipment was sold for cash during the year. The original cost of the equipment was $\$ 3,000$, and the accumulated depreciation was $\$ 1,000$.
5.) Dividends were declared and paid during the year.

## Required:

Prepare a cash flow statement using the direct method or indirect method or both (depending on what your instructor assigns).
NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!Atlyy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oj1E2NVGtPk

## 11-2A -Cash Flow Statement

The financial statements of Simmons Inc. are presented below:

| Simmons Inc. Balance Sheet As at May 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash | \$37,000 | \$35,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 14,000 | 9,000 |
| Inventory | 18,000 | 15,000 |
| Prepaid insurance | 2,000 | 6,000 |
| Building and equipment | 92,000 | 77,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | $(31,000)$ | $(19,000)$ |
| Total assets | \$132,000 | \$123,000 |
| Accounts payable | \$18,000 | \$30,000 |
| Salaries payable | 4,000 | 6,000 |
| Income taxes payable | 3,000 | 4,000 |
| Bank loan payable | 30,000 | 10,000 |
| Common shares | 6,000 | 3,000 |
| Retained earnings | 71,000 | 70,000 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$132,000 | \$123,000 |


| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Simmons Inc. } \\ \text { Income Statement }\end{array}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| For the Year Ended May 31, 2024 |  |$]$

Additional information:
1.) Operating expenses are composed of: Depreciation $\$ 21,000$; Salaries $\$ 134,000$; $\underline{\text { Gain }}$ on Sale of Equipment $\$ 6,000$; other operating expenses $\$ 39,000$.
2.) Prepaid insurance is related to the other operating expenses.
3.) Equipment was purchased during the year for $\$ 32,000$ cash.
4.) Equipment was sold for cash during the year. The original cost of the equipment was $\$ 17,000$, and the accumulated depreciation was $\$ 9,000$.
5.) Dividends were declared and paid during the year.

## Required:

Prepare a cash flow statement using the direct method or indirect method or both (depending on what your instructor assigns).
NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!At1yy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

## Members Video Walkthrough:

[^3]
## 11-2B -Cash Flow Statement

The financial statements of Kimmel Inc. are presented below:

| Kimmel Inc. Balance Sheet As at July 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash | \$104,000 | \$123,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 78,000 | 84,000 |
| Inventory | 409,000 | 368,000 |
| Prepaid insurance | 15,000 | 12,000 |
| Building and equipment | 704,000 | 684,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (219,000) | $(215,000)$ |
| Total assets | \$1,091,000 | \$1,056,000 |
| Accounts payable | \$42,000 | \$51,000 |
| Salaries payable | 20,000 | 13,000 |
| Income taxes payable | 8,000 | 7,000 |
| Bank loan payable | 140,000 | 200,000 |
| Common shares | 70,000 | 61,000 |
| Retained earnings | 811,000 | 724,000 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$1,091,000 | \$1,056,000 |


| Kimmel Inc. <br> Income Statement <br> For the Year Ended July 31, 2024 |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sales |  |
| Cost of goods sold | $\underline{931,000}$ |
| Gross profit | $\underline{483,000}$ |
| Operating expenses | $\underline{448,000}$ |
| Operating income | $\underline{268,000}$ |
| Interest expense | $\underline{150,000}$ |
| Income before taxes | 165,000 |
| Income taxes | $\underline{\underline{40,000}}$ |
| Net income | $\underline{\underline{25,000}}$ |

Additional information:
1.) Operating expenses are composed of: Depreciation $\$ 35,000$; Salaries $\$ 155,000$; Loss on Sale of Equipment $\$ 4,000$; other operating expenses $\$ 74,000$.
2.) Prepaid insurance is related to the other operating expenses.
3.) Equipment was purchased during the year for $\$ 74,000$ cash.
4.) Equipment was sold for cash during the year. The original cost of the equipment was $\$ 54,000$, and the accumulated depreciation was $\$ 31,000$.
5.) Dividends were declared and paid during the year.

## Required:

Prepare a cash flow statement using the direct method or indirect method or both (depending on what your instructor assigns).
NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!Atlyy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RnBeWLLC-WQ

## 11-3A -Cash Flow Statement

The financial statements of Vita Cleanse Inc. are presented below:

| Vita Cleanse Inc. Balance Sheet As at June 30 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash | \$326,000 | \$385,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 120,000 | 148,000 |
| Inventory | 1,325,000 | 1,105,000 |
| Prepaid insurance | 15,000 | 20,000 |
| Building and equipment | 1,591,000 | 1,659,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | $(900,000)$ | $(942,000)$ |
| Total assets | \$2,275,000 | \$2,375,000 |
| Accounts payable | \$75,000 | \$88,000 |
| Salaries payable | 25,000 | 19,000 |
| Dividends payable | 4,000 | 6,000 |
| Income taxes payable | 15,000 | 18,000 |
| Bank loan payable | 1,500,000 | 1,700,000 |
| Common shares | 75,000 | 50,000 |
| Retained earnings | 783,000 | 494,000 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$2,477,000 | \$2,375,000 |


| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Vita Cleanse Inc. } \\ \text { Income Statement }\end{array}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 |$]$

Additional information:
1.) Operating expenses are composed of: Depreciation $\$ 238,000$; Salaries $\$ 588,000$; Loss on Sale of Equipment $\$ 23,000$; other operating expenses $\$ 76,000$.
2.) Prepaid insurance is related to the other operating expenses.
3.) Equipment was purchased during the year for $\$ 276,000$ cash.
4.) Equipment was sold for cash during the year. The original cost of the equipment was $\$ 344,000$, and the accumulated depreciation was $\$ 280,000$.
5.) Dividends were declared and paid during the year.

## Required:

Prepare a cash flow statement using the direct method or indirect method or both (depending on what your instructor assigns).
NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!At1yy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=02U8EPpVPDw

## 11-3B -Cash Flow Statement

The financial statements of CGP Inc. are presented below:

| CGP Inc. Balance Sheet As at April 30 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash | \$58,500 | \$18,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 40,000 | 32,000 |
| Inventory | 41,000 | 37,000 |
| Prepaid insurance | 1,000 | 1,200 |
| Building and equipment | 67,000 | 88,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | $(31,000)$ | (35,000) |
| Total assets | \$176,500 | \$141,200 |
| Accounts payable | \$20,000 | \$18,000 |
| Salaries payable | 3,000 | 5,000 |
| Dividends payable | 1,000 | 500 |
| Income taxes payable | 800 | 2,000 |
| Bank loan payable | 25,000 | 0 |
| Common shares | 7,000 | 5,000 |
| Retained earnings | 119,700 | 110,700 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$176,500 | \$141,200 |


| CGP Inc. <br> Income Statement <br> For the Year Ended April 30, 2024 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sales | \$125,000 |
| Cost of goods sold | 48,000 |
| Gross profit | 77,000 |
| Operating expenses | 58,000 |
| Operating income | 19,000 |
| Interest expense | 1,500 |
| Income before taxes | 17,500 |
| Income taxes | 4,500 |
| Net income | \$13,000 |

Additional information:
1.) Operating expenses are composed of: Depreciation $\$ 8,000$; Salaries $\$ 41,000$; Gain on Sale of Equipment $\$ 7,000$; other operating expenses $\$ 16,000$.
2.) Prepaid insurance is related to the other operating expenses.
3.) Equipment was purchased during the year for $\$ 10,000$ cash.
4.) Equipment was sold for cash during the year. The original cost of the equipment was $\$ 31,000$, and the accumulated depreciation was $\$ 12,000$.
5.) Dividends were declared and paid during the year.

## Required:

Prepare a cash flow statement using the direct method or indirect method or both (depending on what your instructor assigns).

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!At1yy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9
Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-GyzAL7_B9I

## 11-4A -Cash Flow Statement - Challenging Problem

The financial statements of Brady Inc. are presented below:

| Brady Inc. <br> Balance Sheet As at September 30 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash | \$600 | \$2,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 14,000 | 6,000 |
| Inventory | 48,000 | 24,000 |
| Prepaid insurance | 1,000 | 1,500 |
| Building and equipment | 45,500 | 48,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (9,000) | (7,000) |
| Total assets | \$100,100 | \$74,500 |
| Accounts payable | \$13,000 | \$9,000 |
| Salaries payable | 3,000 | 2,000 |
| Dividends payable | 600 | 500 |
| Interest payable | 800 | 100 |
| Unearned revenues | 6,000 | 4,000 |
| Income taxes payable | 100 | 300 |
| Bank loan payable | 20,000 | 4,000 |
| Common shares | 1,500 | 1,000 |
| Retained earnings | 55,100 | 53,600 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$100,100 | \$74,500 |
| Brady Inc.Income StatementFor the Year Ended September 30, 2024 |  |  |
| Sales |  | \$108,000 |
| Cost of goods sold |  | 54,000 |
| Gross profit |  | 54,000 |
| Operating expenses |  | 48,000 |
| Operating income |  | 6,000 |
| Interest expense |  | 1,500 |
| Income before taxes |  | 4,500 |
| Income taxes |  | 1,000 |
| Net income |  | \$3,500 |

Additional information:
1.) Operating expenses are composed of: Depreciation $\$ 8,000$; Salaries $\$ 36,000$; Loss on Sale of Equipment $\$ 1,000$; other operating expenses $\$ 3,000$.
2.) Prepaid insurance is related to the other operating expenses.
3.) Equipment was purchased during the year for $\$ 7,500$ cash.
4.) Equipment was sold for cash during the year.
5.) Dividends were declared and paid during the year.
6.) Unearned revenues are collected from customers.
7.) Paid off $\$ 2,000$ of long-term note and issued a new note for cash.

## Required:

Prepare a cash flow statement using the direct method or indirect method or both (depending on what your instructor assigns).

NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!At1yy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9
Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9Uy7B6c6id4

## 11-4B -Cash Flow Statement - Challenging Problem

The financial statements of Wilson Inc. are presented below:

| Wilson Inc.Balance SheetAs at October 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash | \$821,000 | \$580,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 375,000 | 350,000 |
| Inventory | 850,000 | 880,000 |
| Prepaid insurance | 30,000 | 38,000 |
| Building and equipment | 3,512,000 | 3,400,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (1,940,000) | (1,800,000) |
| Total assets | \$3,648,000 | \$3,448,000 |
| Accounts payable | \$450,000 | \$500,000 |
| Salaries payable | 100,000 | 120,000 |
| Dividends payable | 65,000 | 50,000 |
| Interest payable | 25,000 | 15,000 |
| Unearned revenues | 200,000 | 180,000 |
| Income taxes payable | 40,000 | 25,000 |
| Bank loan payable | 1,400,000 | 1,100,000 |
| Common shares | 90,000 | 50,000 |
| Retained earnings | 1,278,000 | 1,408,000 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$3,648,000 | \$3,448,000 |
| Wilson Inc. Income Statement <br> For the Year Ended October 31, 2024 |  |  |
| Sales |  | \$1,500,000 |
| Cost of goods sold |  | 580,000 |
| Gross profit |  | 920,000 |
| Operating expenses |  | 680,000 |
| Operating income |  | 240,000 |
| Interest expense |  | 85,000 |
| Income before taxes |  | 155,500 |
| Income taxes |  | 35,000 |
| Net income |  | \$120,000 |

Additional information:
1.) Operating expenses are composed of: Depreciation $\$ 200,000$; Salaries $\$ 420,000$; Gain on Sale of Equipment $\$ 15,000$; other operating expenses $\$ 75,000$.
2.) Prepaid insurance is related to the other operating expenses.
3.) Equipment was purchased during the year for $\$ 200,000$ cash.
4.) Equipment was sold for cash during the year.
5.) Dividends were declared and paid during the year.
6.) Unearned revenues are collected from customers.
7.) Paid off $\$ 100,000$ of bank loan and signed a new loan for additional cash.

## Required:

Prepare a cash flow statement using the direct method or indirect method or both (depending on what your instructor assigns).
NOTE: Download the template from https://1drv.ms/u/s!At1yy2fk54ntqnD8LllqN8quCxNx?e=PYsxA9
Members Video Walkthrough:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N0iSvd0I6zU

# Module 12: Ratios and Financial Statement Analysis 

Module Introduction Video:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D6YI_ZKHcxY

## Common Financial Ratios

| Liquidity |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Current Ratio | Current Assets Current Liabilities |
| Acid-Test Ratio | Cash + Short-term investments + Net current receivables Current liabilities |
|  | Turnover |
| Inventory Turnover | Cost of goods sold Average inventory |
| Days' sales in inventory | $\frac{365 \text { days }}{\text { Inventory turnover }}$ |
| Accounts receivable turnover | $\frac{\text { Net credit sales }}{\text { Average net accounts receivable }}$ |
| Collection period | $\frac{365 \text { days }}{\text { Accounts receivable turnover }}$ |
| Long-Term Debt Paying Ability |  |
| Debt ratio | Total liabilities Total assets |
| Times-interest-earned | Income from operations Interest expense |
| Profitability |  |
| Gross profit percentage | $\frac{\text { Gross profit }}{\text { Net sales }}$ |
| Return on sales | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\text { Net income }}{\text { Net sales }} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Return on assets | Net income + Interest expense <br> Average total assets |
| Return on equity | Net income - Preferred dividends Average common shareholders' equity |
| Earnings per share | $\frac{\text { Net income - Preferred dividends }}{\text { Average number of common shares outstanding }}$ |
| Stock Market Performance |  |
| Price/earnings ratio | Market price per common share Earnings per share |
| Dividend yield | Dividends per share Market price per share |

## 12-1A - Horizontal Analysis

Below is a comparative income statement for Elky Co.:

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Elky Co. } \\ \text { Income Statement }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| For the years ended December 31 |  |  |$]$

## Required:

a.) Prepare a horizontal analysis for the company calculating the change and percentage change of each line item from one year to the next. (Round your answers to the nearest tenth of a percent, ie $0.13578 \rightarrow 13.6 \%$ )
b.) Which item/items in your analysis would you wish to investigate? Why?

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XGEgIxKKK6w

## 12-1B - Horizontal Analysis

Below is a comparative income statement for Dwan Inc.:

| Dwan Inc. <br> Income Statement <br> For the years ended July 31 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Sales | $\$ 580,000$ | $\$ 415,000$ |
| Cost of goods sold | $\underline{285,000}$ | $\underline{205,000}$ |
| Gross profit | 295,000 | 210,000 |
| Operating expenses | $\underline{140,000}$ | $\underline{\underline{80,000}}$ |
| Operating income | 155,000 | 130,000 |
| Interest expense | $\underline{6,000}$ | $\underline{5,000}$ |
| Income before taxes | $\underline{\underline{\$ 125,000}}$ | $12 \underline{\underline{25,000}}$ |
| Income taxes | $\underline{\underline{20,000}}$ |  |
| Net income | $\underline{\underline{\$ 105,000}}$ |  |

## Required:

a.) Prepare a horizontal analysis for the company calculating the change and percentage change of each line item from one year to the next. (Round your answers to the nearest tenth of a percent, ie $0.13578 \rightarrow 13.6 \%$ )
b.) Which item/items in your analysis would you wish to investigate? Why?

## Members Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tXrMvX1hhPU

## 12-2A - Vertical Analysis

Harpreet Gill is concerned about his company's financial performance and financial position. He has obtained the financial statements of his largest competitor, Hossain Inc. and notes that the company is over ten times larger than his, so it is making the numbers difficult to compare.

Below is condensed financial information from Hossain Inc. and Gill Inc.:

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Hossain Inc. and Gill Inc. } \\ \text { Income Statements }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| For the years ended August 31, 2024 |  |  |$]$


| Hossain Inc. and Gill Inc. <br> Balance Sheets <br> As at August 31, 2024 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hossain | Gill |
| Current assets | \$1,000,000 | \$75,000 |
| Long-term assets | 3,000,000 | 175,000 |
| Total assets | \$4,000,000 | \$250,000 |
| Current liabilities | \$500,000 | \$60,000 |
| Long-term liabilities | 1,500,000 | $\underline{120,000}$ |
| Total liabilities | 2,000,000 | 180,000 |
| Shareholders' equity | 2,000,000 | 70,000 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$4,000,000 | \$250,000 |

## Required:

a.) Prepare a vertical analysis for the companies calculating the relative percentages of each item in the financial statements. (Round your answers to the nearest tenth of a percent, ie $0.13578 \rightarrow 13.6 \%$ )
b.) Comment on the common-sized income statements of the companies (prepared in part a.).
c.) Comment on the common-sized balance sheets of the companies (prepared in part a.).

## Free Video Walkthrough:

## 12-2B - Vertical Analysis

Siracusa Inc. and Arment Co. are competing technology retailers.
Below is condensed financial information from the companies:

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Siracusa Inc. and Arment Co. } \\ \text { Income Statements }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| For the years ended December 31, 2024 |  |  |  |$]$.


| Siracusa Inc. and Arment Inc. Balance Sheets <br> As at December 31, 2024 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Siracusa | Arment |
| Current assets | \$225,000 | \$50,000 |
| Long-term assets | 775,000 | 250,000 |
| Total assets | \$1,000,000 | \$300,000 |
| Current liabilities | \$200,000 | \$20,000 |
| Long-term liabilities | 450,000 | 100,000 |
| Total liabilities | 650,000 | 120,000 |
| Shareholders' equity | 350,000 | 180,000 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$1,000,000 | \$300,000 |

## Required:

a.) Prepare a vertical analysis for the companies calculating the relative percentages of each item in the financial statements. (Round your answers to the nearest tenth of a percent, ie $0.13578 \rightarrow 13.6 \%$ )
b.) Comment on the common-sized income statements of the companies (prepared in part a.).
c.) Comment on the common-sized balance sheets of the companies (prepared in part a.).

## Members Video Walkthrough:

[^4]
## 12-3A - Ratio Analysis

Below are the financial statements of Squirrel Co.

| Squirrel Co. <br> Income Statement <br> For the Year Ended November 30 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sales, net | 2024 | $23,600,000$ |
| Cost of goods sold | $\underline{1,500,000}$ | $\underline{1,600,0000}$ |
| Gross profit | $2,100,000$ | $2,300,000$ |
| Operating expenses | $\underline{1,600,000}$ | $\underline{2,000,000}$ |
| Operating income | $\underline{500,000}$ | 300,000 |
| Interest expense | $\underline{200,000}$ | $\underline{150,000}$ |
| Income before taxes | $\underline{\underline{\$ 215,000}}$ | 150,000 |
| Income taxes | $\underline{85,000}$ | $\underline{40,000}$ |
| Net income | $\underline{\underline{110,000}}$ |  |


| Squirrel Co. <br> Balance Sheet As at November 30 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Cash | \$150,000 | \$53,000 | \$125,000 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 140,000 | 80,000 | 55,000 |
| Inventory | 450,000 | 350,000 | 300,000 |
| Prepaid insurance | 35,000 | 20,000 | 25,000 |
| Total current assets | 775,000 | 503,000 | 505,000 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 600,000 | 550,000 | 400,000 |
| Total assets | \$1,375,000 | \$1,053,000 | \$905,000 |
| Accounts payable | \$350,000 | \$185,000 | \$160,000 |
| Salaries payable | $\underline{37,000}$ | 50,000 | 35,000 |
| Total current liabilities | 387,000 | 235,000 | 195,000 |
| Bank loan payable | 550,000 | 500,000 | 450,000 |
| Total liabilities | 937,000 | 735,000 | 645,000 |
| Preferred shares \$20 (1,000 shares all years) | 150,000 | 150,000 | 150,000 |
| Common shares ( 50,000 shares all years) | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Retained earnings | 188,000 | 93,000 | 10,000 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 438,000 | 343,000 | 260,000 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$1,375,000 | \$1,053,000 | 905,000 |

Additional information:

|  | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Market price per share | $\$ 150$ | $\$ 50$ | $\$ 35$ |
| Dividends per share | $\$ 2.00$ | $\$ 1.00$ | $\$ 0.50$ |

## Required:

a.) For 2023 and 2024, compute all "Common Financial Ratios" from the beginning of this module. For each ratio note whether it is getting Better (B) or Worse (W).
b.) Comment on the financial performance and position of the company.

## Free Video Walkthrough:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OBOEQX1E3KU

## 12-3B - Ratio Analysis

Below are the financial statements of Moose Co.

| Moose Co. <br> Income Statement <br> For the Year Ended May 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 |
| Sales, net | \$2,100,000 | \$1,600,000 |
| Cost of goods sold | 900,000 | 650,000 |
| Gross profit | 1,200,000 | 950,000 |
| Operating expenses | 700,000 | 525,000 |
| Operating income | 500,000 | 425,000 |
| Interest expense | 25,000 | 20,000 |
| Income before taxes | 475,000 | 405,000 |
| Income taxes | 120,000 | 100,000 |
| Net income | \$355,000 | \$305,000 |


| Moose Co. Balance Sheet As at May 31 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Cash | \$175,000 | \$220,000 | \$155,000 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 61,000 | 150,000 | 100,000 |
| Inventory | 525,000 | 450,000 | 400,000 |
| Prepaid insurance | 40,000 | 35,000 | 50,000 |
| Total current assets | 801,000 | 855,000 | 705,000 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 950,000 | 703,000 | 750,000 |
| Total assets | \$1,751,000 | \$1,558,000 | \$1,455,000 |
| Accounts payable | \$25,000 | \$175,000 | \$160,000 |
| Salaries payable | 40,000 | 30,000 | 60,000 |
| Unearned revenues | 90,000 | 140,000 | 125,000 |
| Total current liabilities | 155,000 | 345,000 | 345,000 |
| Bank loan payable | 660,000 | 500,000 | 600,000 |
| Total liabilities | 815,000 | 845,000 | 945,000 |
| Preferred shares \$4 (500 shares all years) | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Common shares ( 10,000 shares all years) | 150,000 | 150,000 | 150,000 |
| Retained earnings | 736,000 | 513,000 | 310,000 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 936,000 | 713,000 | 510,000 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$1,751,000 | \$1,558,000 | \$1,455,000 |

Additional information:

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Market price per share | $\$ 200$ | $\$ 190$ | $\$ 160$ |
| Dividends per share | $\$ 13.00$ | $\$ 12.00$ | $\$ 10.00$ |

## Required:

a.) For 2023 and 2024, compute all "Common Financial Ratios" from the beginning of this module. For each ratio note whether it is getting Better (B) or Worse (W).
b.) Comment on the financial performance and position of the company.

## Members Video Walkthrough:

[^5]
## All Links

| Problem | Link | Access |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MODULE1 |  |  |
| Mod 1 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Rpa_UAciIeU | Free/Open |
| 1-1A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=17EWLp2pGjM | Free/Open |
| 1-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2fzCsYxNjaU | Members |
| 1-2A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c8MvVbzzFEY | Free/Open |
| 1-2B | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{yzo38XhvQr4}}$ | Members |
| 1-3A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=8hivwEczDaE | Free/Open |
| 1-3A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=MFkJcP54Q3Y | Free/Open |
| 1-3A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BfsKckWWezc | Free/Open |
| 1-3A (Part 4) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YzDQgGf0wBc | Free/Open |
| 1-3A (Part 5) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{Dt} 0 \mathrm{~K} 8 \mathrm{uD}-\mathrm{jTw}$ | Free/Open |
| 1-3B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zw1N76G_KYI | Members |
| 1-3B (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u8M4i1t1ndg | Members |
| 1-4A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=TZngXKk0gBg | Members |
| 1-4A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DoTiTy6QxhQ | Members |
| 1-4A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pqG2hxtT1 o | Members |
| 1-4B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HMhNIpVFVes | Members |
| 1-4B (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{i} 5 \text { AJXhL6nuo }}$ | Members |
| 1-5A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6I1V-BftAKY | Members |
| 1-5A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=05spwaxwTFI | Members |
| 1-5A (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=-\mathrm{z} 4 \mathrm{JMq} \text {-hX0Y }}$ | Members |
| 1-5B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vMAPxRVb7Gg | Members |
| 1-5B (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PgkdrPFgx18 | Members |
| MODULE 2 |  |  |
| Mod 2 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MZPXC4v8NCU | Free/Open |
| 2-1A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eCQ4VDhRHMQ | Members |
| 2-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VjBH9v0NYH8 | Members |
| 2-2A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2GzjWFNqzTk | Free/Open |
| 2-2A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J5S7CvvowWM | Free/Open |
| 2-2A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IpJy-P_eg9A | Free/Open |
| 2-2B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0DmPO5uGXY8 | Members |
| 2-2B (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WjlyGKqP3jM | Members |
| 2-2B (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tY0iB-rhECM }}$ | Members |
| 2-3A (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{GFEQq} 6 \mathrm{wMsC} 4}$ | Members |
| 2-3A (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{FGfuAcIKcTk}}$ | Members |
| 2-3A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HKiyDggThtQ | Members |
| 2-3B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1-ztIFsO2YI | Members |
| 2-3B (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AiQ3uujJ1sU | Members |
| 2-3B (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rPDAEEWf2UI | Members |
| 2-4A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=fZMaOgirUic | Members |
| 2-4A (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{Z} 8 \mathrm{Xcgid1} \text { _Y4 }}$ | Members |
| 2-4A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1tvUCM-Z48A | Members |
| 2-4B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r1kPaG6796g | Members |
| 2-4B (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MS0DhmtLqI0 | Members |
| 2-4B (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=ArGPtboWWCA | Members |


| MODULE 3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mod 3 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ILa6NhOnHck | Free/Open |
| 3-1A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DElViWQvRK8 | Free/Open |
| 3-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q0rwJifzE9w | Members |
| 3-2A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AsFcTwOYiNg | Members |
| 3-2B | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\text { qmIoiqDR0_c }}$ | Members |
| 3-3A (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{r} 7 \text { _llRfs6UE }}$ | Free/Open |
| 3-3A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TKpabpcjk14 | Free/Open |
| 3-3A (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\text { NT5zaYuEyuk }}$ | Free/Open |
| 3-3A (Part 4) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= nfi9b6QDd0 | Free/Open |
| 3-3B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fWc216sv2bU | Members |
| 3-3B (Part 2) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{DT} 7 \mathrm{Y} 9 \mathrm{GXMpEc}}$ | Members |
| 3-3B (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=77 \mathrm{rNyZLclkU}$ | Members |
| 3-3B (Part 4) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{uQoWcZWVp4g}$ | Members |
| 3-4A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hwm3qOzdzdE | Members |
| 3-4B |  | Members |
| MODULE 4 |  |  |
| Mod 4 Intro Video | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{FHtXHPmQ} \text { Ao }}$ | Free/Open |
| 4-1A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RzKu59vEwGE | Free/Open |
| 4-1A (Part 2) |  | Free/Open |
| 4-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C3bd-KnqJj4 | Members |
| 4-2A |  | Members |
| 4-2B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3yfHtnB8_ac | Members |
| MODULE 5 |  |  |
| Mod 5 Intro Video |  | Free/Open |
| 5-1A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OyEL5ZhmBdI | Members |
| 5-1B | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\text { JmqeJ1HhxHs }}$ | Members |
| 5-2A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ou5Aqzo7qfo | Members |
| 5-2B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{ZjQ}$-8xR0oYA | Members |
| 5-3A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a6jRHjXz4sE | Free/Open |
| 5-3B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GR1LGq1gL0g | Members |
| 5-4A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pGIbolUr-SA | Free/Open |
| 5-4B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{HrJ}$ EnSkxPM | Members |
| 5-5A | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=$ a 4 CbexaOLk | Free/Open |
| 5-5B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vicgkP-4N3Q | Members |
| 5-6A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c2L0fc 8P0c | Members |
| 5-6B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PwkTNnDtHqk | Members |
| MODULE 6 |  |  |
| Mod 6 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7j2TMrOerrg | Free/Open |
| 6-1A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5ISS3HGXvxA | Members |
| 6-1B | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{CbmVV} 0 \mathrm{WjLeM}}$ | Members |
| 6-2A | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{HyZEqPk} 95 \mathrm{HM}}$ | Members |
| 6-2B | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? }=\text { = vZ8 xjrwAE }}$ | Members |
| 6-3A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UUu4YLH-Bn4 | Free/Open |
| 6-3B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yDf81x3sv-Y | Members |
| 6-4A (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{J} 3 \text { IwjW C } 0}$ | Free/Open |
| 6-4A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=UZWLasqKBEY | Free/Open |
| 6-4A (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{Fr}-\mathrm{KZITFjKQ}}$ | Free/Open |
| 6-4B (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{ji5LMDJqP5E}}$ | Members |
| 6-4B (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rJ3cIY58zmk | Members |
| 6-4B (Part 3) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{kdtMFWqSCiI}}$ | Members |


| MODULE 7 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mod 7 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=askuTuuSfBs | Free/Open |
| 7-1A (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{AAmc} 5 \mathrm{wA} 310 \mathrm{M}}$ | Members |
| 7-1A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eagxMEdxLGk | Members |
| 7-1A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jFAUofEKH_k | Members |
| 7-1B (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jWOB ThQsoQ | Members |
| 7-1B (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NrpneHaln6g | Members |
| 7-1B (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_px988467Rc | Members |
| 7-2A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PEJKcrZmM8U | Free/Open |
| 7-2A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=npSHBeWfwRY | Free/Open |
| 7-2A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DwCkC6kFLr4 | Free/Open |
| 7-2B (Part 1) | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\text { wh6vddhFTag }}$ | Members |
| 7-2B (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H iAYNasMgE | Members |
| 7-2B (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=UCjaYgXJ1sk | Members |
| 7-3A | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=k09C-k73dEw | Members |
| 7-3B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qPosANga-nc | Members |
| 7-4A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UrAYrX4uJ9I | Members |
| 7-4B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hMxK8_P0cnU | Members |
| MODULE 8 |  |  |
| Mod 8 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxNDH6rblyA | Free/Open |
| 8-1A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4mZ0vxmtWOs | Members |
| 8-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{i} 42 \mathrm{hwTRuitk}$ | Members |
| 8-2A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1JlJMnMoMMQ | Free/Open |
| 8-2A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OmUyb6DjyQE | Free/Open |
| 8-2A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=4 \mathrm{Z}-\mathrm{j} 3 \mathrm{G60}$ oQ | Free/Open |
| 8-2B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=oq4ohPDdgTk | Members |
| 8-3A | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BNHkCr0Fjf8 }}$ | Free/Open |
| 8-3B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{b} 89 \mathrm{pM} 2 \mathrm{pfmoc}$ | Members |
| 8-4A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Yc4tNeOhRWo | Members |
| 8-4B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G68rJYLEfLg | Members |
| MODULE 9 |  |  |
| Mod 9 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{d} 3 \mathrm{t} 3 \mathrm{~T} 22 \mathrm{PLHU}$ | Free/Open |
| 9-1A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ESPTJu-MHFA | Members |
| 9-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KDCxS2jkm_Q | Members |
| 9-2A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ka0nTrKoNPg | Members |
| 9-2B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=15dbZL0iRIE | Members |
| 9-3A | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=C95HYRVigbM | Free/Open |
| 9-3B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{qzCQEumpFZw}$ | Members |
| 9-4A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pHnioOyLocQ | Free/Open |
| 9-4B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H2f1GgUhK o | Members |
| 9-5A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ELf8n1yVLO4 | Members |
| 9-5B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xvO7Qw5cNow | Members |
| MODULE10 |  |  |
| Mod 10 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HKB7kX09hKg | Free/Open |
| 10-1A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqnpJG6Q8BA | Free/Open |
| 10-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=$ LzM2Uwq_pog | Members |
| 10-2A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M0agCcJSO 4 | Members |
| 10-2B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=uWRSuw8AakY | Members |


| MODULE11 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mod 11 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=53LCVxDEqwc | Free/Open |
| 11-1A (Part 1) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{ikMso8YBIAE}$ | Free/Open |
| 11-1A (Part 2) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=$ jB10jXqok | Free/Open |
| 11-1A (Part 3) | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=W6Z3YbYNrY4 | Free/Open |
| 11-1B | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=0 \mathrm{j} 1 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{NVGtPk}}$ | Members |
| $11-2 \mathrm{~A}$ | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yvwqGmxwq8g | Members |
| 11-2B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RnBeWLLC-WQ | Members |
| 11-3A | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=02 \mathrm{U} 8 \mathrm{EPp} \text { VPDw }}$ | Members |
| 11-3B | $\underline{\mathrm{https}: / / \mathrm{www} . y o u t u b e . c o m / w a t c h ? ~ v=-G y z A L 7 ~ B 9 I ~}$ | Members |
| 11-4A | https://www.youtube.com/watch? $\mathrm{v}=9 \mathrm{Uy} 7 \mathrm{B6c6id} 4$ | Members |
| 11-4B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N0iSvd0I6zU | Members |
| MODULE12 |  |  |
| Mod 12 Intro Video | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D6YI_ZKHcxY | Free/Open |
| 12-1A | $\underline{\text { https://www.youtube.com/watch? } \mathrm{v}=\text { XGEgIxKKK6w }}$ | Free/Open |
| 12-1B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tXrMvX1hhPU | Members |
| 12-2A | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=BGXmXTO7fn0 | Free/Open |
| 12-2B | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g rojKb5bUc | Members |
| 12-3A | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OBOEQX1E3KU | Free/Open |
| 12-3B | https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=MMnVHbGtad0 | Members |


[^0]:    Module Introduction Video:

[^1]:    https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q0rwJifzE9w

[^2]:    https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KDCxS2jkm_Q

[^3]:    https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yvwqGmxwq8g

[^4]:    https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g_rojKb5bUc

[^5]:    https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MMnVHbGtad0

